Associated Benefits Connection

HSAs 101



Associated Benefits Connection

Today's HSA Experts





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Agenda

- 1. Welcome
- 2. Common Questions
- 3. Tools & Resources



Common Questions

What is an HSA?

Health Savings Accounts (HSAs) are individuallyowned bank accounts that can be used for healthcare expenses. Some benefits include:

- Tax savings
- Reimbursement flexibility
- Fully-vested funds
- Interest on savings
- Returns on investments*

Peace of mind, tax savings and more—putting money into a Health Savings Account (HSA) means that money is there when you need it. You can get the medical attention you need and the peace of mind you deserve ... and see other financial benefits as well.



Today

- ☐ Routine Doctors appointments
- □ Prescriptions



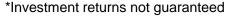
Tomorrow

- ☐ Unexpected accidents and illnesses
- □ Expanding family
- □ Upcoming surgeries



Future

- Retirement living expenses
- ☐ Retirement health expenses





Common Questions

What's the difference between an HSA and an FSA?



Health Savings Account

 A tax-advantaged spending and savings tool in conjunction with an eligible health plan to help save for qualified medical expenses now and in the future

Key Differentiating Features includes:



Individually owned



No "Use-it or lose-it"



Ability to Invest



Reimbursements not limited to plan year



Flexible Spending Account

 A tax-advantaged spending tool established by your employer to help offset the cost of you and your spouse or dependents medical expenses.

Key Differentiating Features includes:



Setup by your Employer



Unused funds forfeited to employer



No long-term savings aspect

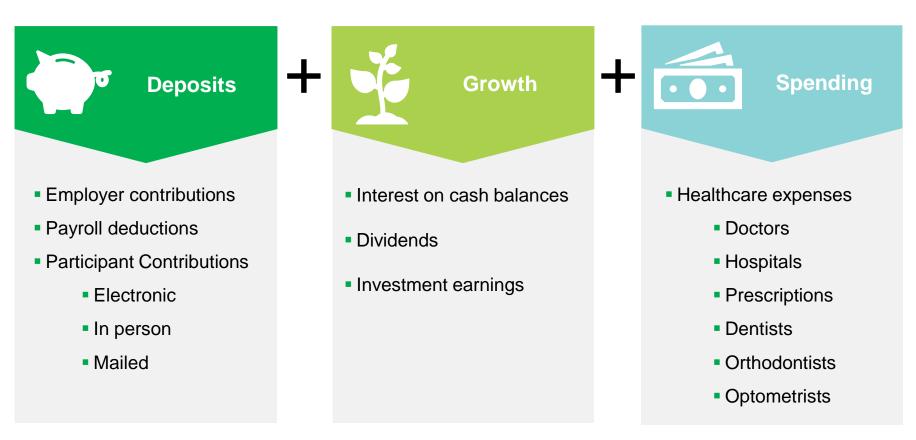


Reimbursements <u>limited</u> to plan year



Common Questions

How does an HSA help me save on taxes?





Tip from the Experts

Money taken from your HSA for non-healthcare expenses are subject to income tax and a penalty. At age 65 and over, non-healthcare expenses are subject only to income tax, but there is no penalty.

Common Questions

How much should I contribute to my HSA?

Points to consider:

- IRS limits
- Contribution sources
- Health plan deductible and out-of-pocket amounts
- Healthcare expenses
- · Retirement savings goals

IRS HSA Contribution Limits					
Limit	2022	2023			
Self-only coverage	\$3,650	\$3,850			
Family coverage	\$7,300	\$7,750			
Catch-up contribution (age 55 and over)	\$1,000	\$1,000			



Want more help deciding the right HSA contribution for your situation?

Introducing My HSA Planner!



My HSA Planner is a decision support tool that takes into account your personal situation including healthcare coverage and expenses and your financial goals to make a personalized recommendation.

Visit today at:

Myhsaplanner.com/abk

Not an Associated Bank accountholder yet? No problem!



Common Questions

Is it too late for me to start saving in an HSA?









Common retiree healthcare expenses:

Pre-Medicare:

- Medical Procedures
- Hospital Bills
- Prescription Drugs

On Medicare:

- Medicare Part B Premiums
- Medicare Part D Premiums
- Out-of-Pocket Expenses
- Home Healthcare
- Long-Term Care Expenses



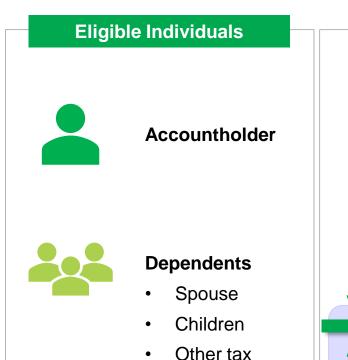
Tip from the Experts

Studies have estimated that current health costs for retirement are between \$250,000 (individual) and \$350,000 (couple). And, these costs are rising every year. Be sure to start saving as early as possible.

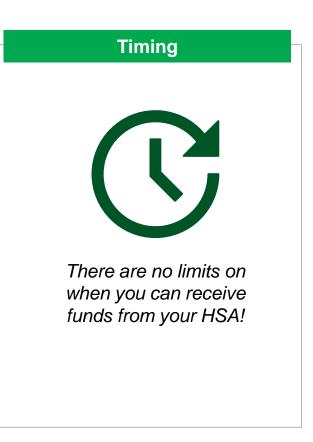


Common Questions

What are eligible expenses for an HSA?









Tip from the Experts

dependents

Be sure to keep track of your expenses for tax purposes. This is fast and easy in the Participant Portal or the Associated Benefits Connection mobile app!



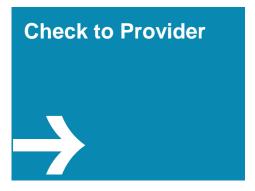
Common Questions

What options do I have to access my HSA funds?











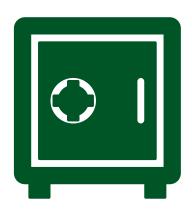


Tip from the Experts

For quick, secure access to your money, add a bank account in the portal or mobile app and use direct deposit to reimburse yourself for expenses. It's quick and easy!

Common Questions

What happens to my HSA if I switch jobs or retire?



The money in your HSA is always yours – even after you're no longer with your employer



The decision is yours!

Spend

 Leave the funds in your HSA and continue to spend down the money on qualified expenses

Grow

 Leave the funds in your HSA and don't spend so you can continue to grow your balance through interest and investments, if applicable*

Consolidate

 Open a new account with an employer or on your own and transfer funds from your existing HSA(s) to the new account



Tip from the Experts

Transfer an old HSA to consolidate funds and compound earnings and savings potential!

Common Questions

Can I share my HSA with my spouse?



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Ownership

- HSAs are individually owned by the accountholder
- Each spouse may open their own separate HSA

Common Spousal Usage

- Funds can be used on spouse and tax dependents
- Can order an additional debit card and added as authorized use



Tip from the Experts

Financial experts recommend that each spouse open their own HSA in their name. This allows for catch-up contributions to be made for each spouse once they are age 55.



Common Questions

Can I continue to contribute to my HSA when I enroll in Medicare?



Contributions

 You cannot contribute to your HSA when enrolled in Medicare



- Continue to use for qualified expenses, plus:
 - Medicare premiums
 - Long-Term Care Insurance
 - Long-Term Care Expenses





Tip from the Experts

Take advantage of the 55+ \$1,000 catch up contribution is a great way to build up funds to be used in retirement when you can't contribute any more into your HSA.



Common Questions

What happens to my HSA in the event of my death?

Beneficiary	What happens to the HSA		
Spouse	 Your spouse will open their own HSA, if they do not already have one The funds from your HSA will be transferred to their account 		
Someone other than your spouse	 Funds will be disbursed to the beneficiary via check Funds are no longer treated as an HSA and become taxable 		
Your estate	 Funds will be disbursed to the estate via check Fair market value of the HSA is included on your final income tax return 		



Tip from the Experts

Adding or changing your beneficiary is easy when you use the Participant Portal. Log in and navigate to Profile then locate the beneficiary section. No paperwork needed!



QUESTIONS



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