

Plan Endorsement #25 SP

GROUP # A06157
EFFECTIVE DATE January 1, 2025
EMPLOYER ID# 36-6004405 PLAN #s 511
NAME OF PLAN Township High School District 214 Dental Benefits Plan

The following wording is hereby added to the Plan:

Township High School District 214, of Arlington Heights, Illinois hereby establishes a plan for payment of certain expenses for the benefit of its eligible employees to be known as Township High School District 214 Employee Dental Benefits Plan. The attached document serves as the summary plan description, plan description and plan document for the Plan.

Township High School District 214 has caused this Plan to take effect as of 12:01 A.M. Central Time on January 1, 2025 at Arlington Heights, Illinois.

APPROVED AND ATTESTED:

BY  TITLE CSBO
89758B44981C17C4EBC4481BDA880B7 contractworks.
DATE 01/03/2025

TOWNSHIP HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT 214

2121 S. Goebbert Road
Arlington Heights, IL 60005
Phone: (847) 718-7600
Fax: (847) 718-7645

***This booklet describes the Dental benefits for Eligible Employees of
Township High School District 214.***

Information Applicable to Plan 501

Employer Identification Number
36-6004405

**The Benefits In This Booklet Are Effective
January 1, 2025**

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KEY INFORMATION

EMPLOYER/COMPANY/PLAN ADMINISTRATOR/PLAN SPONSOR CONTACT INFORMATION:

Township High School District 214
2121 S. Goebbert Road
Arlington Heights, IL 60005
Phone: (847) 718-7600
Fax: (847) 718-7645

EMPLOYER/COMPANY IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN) AS ASSIGNED BY THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE (IRS):

36-6004405

PLAN NAME:

Township High School District 214 Dental Plan

PLAN CONTACT INFORMATION:

Director of Business Services
Township High School District 214
2121 S. Goebbert Road
Arlington Heights, IL 60005
Phone: (847) 718-7600

PLAN NUMBER:

501

GROUP NUMBER:

A06157

SPD EFFECTIVE DATE:

January 1, 2025

PLAN YEAR:

The financial records of the Plan are kept on a Plan Year basis. The Plan Year ends each December 31st.

TYPE OF PLAN:

Dental benefits.

NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF THE CLAIMS PROCESSOR:

Allied Benefit Systems, LLC
P. O. Box 211651
Eagan, MN 55121
Phone: (312) 906-8080 or (800) 288-2078 (outside IL)

PRIVACY OFFICERS UNDER THE HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 1996, AS AMENDED (HIPAA):

The following employees, or classes of employees, or other persons under control of the Plan Sponsor, shall be given access to the protected health information (PHI) to be disclosed:

- Human Resources Manager.
- Staff designated by Human Resources Manager.
- Chief Financial Officer.
- Staff designated by Chief Financial Officer.

ELIGIBILITY:

- Employees: An employee who is employed by the District on a regular, permanent, full-time basis working at least 30 hours per week or an 8/10 teaching assignment, or a former Employee who qualifies for continued coverage as a Retiree. This definition excludes independent contractors, part-time employees and temporary employees.
- Retirees: A former Employee who qualifies for continued coverage as a Retiree by being either:
 - Grandfathered Class: Retirees over the age of 65 who retired prior to the 2023-24 school year may remain on the Plan. Individual must have been continuously covered under the Plan prior to the date of retirement; or
 - IMRF Retirees: Less than age 65 who are vested with IMRF and retired after the 2023-24 school year may continue on the dental Plan up to age 65. Individual must have been continuously covered under the Plan prior to the date of retirement.
- Dependents Including:
 - Dependent Children: Child(ren) from birth to the last day of the month they attain age 26 (30 for military veteran dependents, see paragraph below) consisting of natural children, stepchildren, foster children, adopted children, and children placed for adoption. A child who is physically or mentally incapable of self-support upon attaining age 26 may be continued under the health care benefits, while remaining incapacitated and unmarried, subject to the covered Employee's own coverage continuing in effect. To continue a child under this provision, the Company must receive proof of incapacity within 31 days after coverage would otherwise terminate. Additional proof will be required from time to time.
 - Unmarried Military Veterans: Unmarried military veteran dependents are eligible under this Plan to their 30th birthday so long as they 1) reside in Illinois, 2) have served in the active or reserve components of the United States Armed Forces, including the National Guard, 3) have received a release or discharge other than a dishonorable discharge, and 4) have submitted a proof of service using a DD2-14 (Member 4 or 6) form, otherwise known as a "Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty." This form is issued by the federal government to all veterans. For more information as to how to obtain a copy of the DD2-14, the veteran can call the Illinois Department of Veterans' Affairs at 1-800-437-9824 or the United States Department of Veterans' Affairs at 1-800-827-1000.

- **Spouse:** This Plan defines “marriage” as both 1) a legal union between one man and one woman as husband and wife, legally married in a jurisdiction (domestic or foreign) that recognizes their marriage, and 2) a legal union between two persons of the same sex, legally married in a jurisdiction (domestic or foreign) that recognizes their marriage. In the alternative, to be an Employee’s spouse, a person must have met all requirements of a valid civil union in the state of Illinois. A civil union or a substantially similar legal relationship other than common law marriage, legally entered into in another jurisdiction, shall also be recognized in Illinois as a civil union, effective June 1, 2011.
- Spouses of deceased retired Employees are eligible for coverage under this Plan.
- **Domestic Partners:** Your enrolled Domestic Partner and his or her enrolled children who have not attained the limiting age stated above will be covered. Whenever the term “spouse” is used, we also mean Domestic Partner. All of the provisions of this benefit booklet that pertain to a spouse also apply to a Domestic Partner, unless specifically noted otherwise.

WORKING SPOUSE COVERAGE PROVISION:

No surcharge will be levied if the spouse of an eligible Employee is eligible for coverage through his employer and chooses coverage from this Plan.

ENROLLMENT:

- **Enrollment Waiting Period:**

All Employees shall be eligible to enroll on the first day they are actively at work as an eligible employee of the Company provided that appropriate enrollment takes place within 31 days of hire.

- **Open Enrollment Period:**

Each year, a period of time may be designated as an Open Enrollment period. Except for Special Enrollment or Late Enrollment, if applicable, it is only during this period that an Employee or Dependent who did not enroll during their initial eligibility period may enroll in a Plan. Coverage will become effective on the date specified by Your Employer.

- **Switch Enrollment Period:**

This Plan does not have a switch enrollment period.

- **Late Enrollment Period:**

An enrollment which takes place other than during the first period during which an individual was eligible for coverage, or other than during a period of Special Enrollment or Open Enrollment.

CARE WAITING PERIOD:

Please see individual service care levels in the schedule of Covered Services for specific waiting periods.

TERMINATION OF COVERAGE:

- **Employee:** The coverage of any Employee covered under this Plan shall terminate on the earliest of the following:
 - o The last day of the month in which the Employee ceases to meet the definition of Employee, as listed in the Key Information section; or
 - o The date of termination of the Plan.
- **Dependent children (attaining age 26):** The coverage of Dependent children attaining age 26 covered under this Plan shall terminate on the earliest of the following:
 - o The last day of the month such individual ceases to meet the definition of Dependent, as listed in the Key Information section; or
 - o The date the Employee's coverage terminates under the Plan.
- **Dependent (all others):** The coverage of any Dependent (other than identified above) covered under this Plan shall terminate on the earliest of the following:
 - o The last day of the month such individual ceases to meet the definition of Dependent, as listed in the Key Information section; or
 - o The date the Employee's coverage terminates under the Plan.

IMPORTANT NETWORK CONTACT INFORMATION:

Function	Network Name	Claims Filing Information	Phone Number	URL
PPO Network	Guardian Dental	Electronic: Payor ID #37308 Paper: Allied Benefit Systems, LLC P. O. Box 211651 Eagan, MN 55121 (312) 906-8080 800-288-2078 (outside IL)	(888) 600-9200	www.guardianlife.com

DENTAL PROGRAM – PPO OPTION

Your Dental Plan contains a PPO (Preferred Provider Organization). The name of the organization is indicated on the front of Your ID card, along with instructions regarding where to file dental claims. There are specific providers associated with the PPO, and PPO dental providers have agreed to provide dental services or supplies at a negotiated charge which is likely to be less than that charged by non-PPO providers for the same service. Additionally, by using a PPO dental provider, You will be assured that You will not be responsible for paying any charges in excess of the Reasonable and Customary Charge. If You use a non-PPO dental provider and that provider charges in excess of the Reasonable and Customary amount, any such excess charges will be entirely Your responsibility. Please refer to the “Schedule of Benefits” on the following page for coverage levels applied to different types of dental treatment for all dental providers, but bear in mind the advantages to using PPO dental providers described above. For assistance in locating a PPO provider near You, or to verify that a provider is in the PPO network, visit the website listed on Your ID card. As a final step in the process, call the “Provider Referral Number” listed on Your ID card.

A Covered Person has a free choice of any provider. At any time, the Covered Person may choose any qualified provider with the understanding that different benefits may apply according to the provisions of the Plan.

SCHEDULE OF COVERED SERVICES AND PROVISIONS

I. DENTAL CARE BENEFITS

COVERED SERVICES AND PROVISIONS	Coverage
Calendar Year Deductible	\$25 per person \$75 per family
Calendar Year Periodontal Care and Denture Replacement Benefit Maximum	\$1,000 per person
Lifetime TMJ Services Benefit Maximum	\$1,000 per person
Calendar Year Implant Services Benefit Maximum	\$1,500 per person
Lifetime Orthodontic Benefit Maximum	\$1,000 per person
Deductible Carry-Over	Any Covered Services incurred during October, November, and/or December which are applied to the Covered Person's Deductible will also "carry-over" to the following year's Deductible.
Claims Filing Limit	All charges and corresponding requested documentation must be submitted within 1 year of the date incurred.
Coordination of Benefits	If it is determined that this Plan is the secondary payer, benefits will be adjusted and reduced (standard). Benefits payable from both plans shall not exceed 100% of the eligible U&C charges.
<p style="text-align: center;">ALTERNATE TREATMENT</p> <p>If more than one method of treatment is possible, the Covered Dental Charges will be limited to the Usual and Customary charges appropriate for those services and supplies which are customarily employed nationwide in the treatment of such condition and which are recognized by the dental profession to be appropriate methods of treatment, taking into account the total oral condition of the family member.</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;">TREATMENT PLAN</p> <p>You may wish to have an estimate of benefits payable before beginning treatment for extensive dental work. To receive this estimate, please have Your Dentist submit a Treatment Plan to the Plan Administrator before beginning a course of treatment which can reasonably be expected to involve Covered Services of \$300 or more.</p>	

II. PREVENTIVE CARE SERVICES

COVERED SERVICES AND PROVISIONS		
	In-Network	Out-of-Network
Preventive Care Waiting Period	0 months	0 months
Routine oral examinations and prophylaxis <i>Limited to 2 exams and cleanings per Calendar Year per Covered Person.</i>	100% <u>Deductible waived.</u>	100% <u>Deductible waived.</u>
Palliative emergency treatment <i>Limited to reduction of fractures, stopping of bleeding and providing relief from pain.</i>	100% <u>Deductible waived.</u>	100% <u>Deductible waived.</u>
Dental X-rays • <i>Diagnostic X-rays - Full mouth X-rays limited to 1 set every 36 months per Covered Person.</i>	100% <u>Deductible waived.</u>	100% <u>Deductible waived.</u>
Topical sodium or stannous fluoride applications <i>Limited to 1 treatment per 12 months for Covered Persons age 18 and under.</i>	100% <u>Deductible waived.</u>	100% <u>Deductible waived.</u>
Topical application of sealants <i>Limited to once per tooth per Calendar Year for Covered Persons age 18 and under.</i>	80% of first \$1,500, then 50% for remaining expenses during that Calendar Year.	80% of first \$1,500, then 50% for remaining expenses during that Calendar Year.
Space maintainers <i>Limited to missing deciduous teeth.</i>	80% of first \$1,500, then 50% for remaining expenses during that Calendar Year.	80% of first \$1,500, then 50% for remaining expenses during that Calendar Year.
Mouth guards (occlusal night guards) <i>Limited for treatment of bruxism.</i>	80% of first \$1,500, then 50% for remaining expenses during that Calendar Year.	80% of first \$1,500, then 50% for remaining expenses during that Calendar Year.
Expenses Deemed Incurred for Preventive Care Services	<i>Preventive Care Services expenses are deemed to be incurred: (1) By the person receiving the dental care and (2) as of the date dental care is performed.</i>	

III. BASIC CARE SERVICES

COVERED SERVICES AND PROVISIONS		
	In-Network	Out-of-Network
Basic Care Waiting Period	0 months	0 months
Basic Primary Care Services limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fillings (Restorations utilizing amalgam, acrylic or equivalent) • Endodontic treatment (root canals) • Inlays and onlays, crowns and repairs to crowns • Repair of bridges and dentures • Oral surgery, other than excision of full bony impactions (check Your medical coverage, if elected, for applicability). • Local anesthetics or general anesthesia administered in connection with oral surgery only if administered by an individual licensed to administer general anesthesia, other than the Dentist or Physician performing the service for which such anesthesia is administered. • Injection of antibiotic drugs by the attending Dentist • Consultations with a Dentist other than the Covered Person's primary care Dentist • Extractions • Partially impacted wisdom teeth 	80% of first \$1,500, then 50% for remaining expenses during that Calendar Year.	80% of first \$1,500, then 50% for remaining expenses during that Calendar Year.
Periodontics limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gingivectomy • Treatment of periodontal and other diseases of the gums and tissues of the mouth 	50%	50%
Expenses Deemed Incurred for Basic Care Services	<p>Except as provided in (1) and (2) below, any expense or charge for Basic Care Services will be deemed to be incurred as of the date the particular procedure is performed.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Expenses for restorations will be deemed incurred on the first date of preparation of the tooth or teeth involved provided You (or Your Dependent) remain continuously insured during the course of treatment; 2. Expenses or charges for endodontic services shall be deemed incurred on the date the specific root canal procedure commenced provided You (or Your Dependent) remain continuously insured during the course of treatment. 	

IV. MAJOR CARE SERVICES

COVERED SERVICES AND PROVISIONS		
	In-Network	Out-of-Network
Major Care Waiting Period	0 months	0 months
Treatment of temporomandibular joint (TMJ) dysfunction	50%	50%
Implant services	50% <u>Deductible waived.</u>	50% <u>Deductible waived.</u>
Initial dentures and bridges <i>Includes construction and insertion of bridges and dentures.</i>	80% of first \$1,500, then 50% for remaining expenses during that Calendar Year.	80% of first \$1,500, then 50% for remaining expenses during that Calendar Year.
Replacement of bridges or dentures to replace teeth previously replaced by an equivalent bridge or denture <i>Subject to the following: Replacement or alteration will be covered only if 5 years have elapsed since that previous bridge or denture was initially constructed and inserted. This 5-year restriction will not apply if the replacement is required because of the removal of additional natural teeth.</i>	50%	50%
Expenses Deemed Incurred for Major Care Services	<p>Except as provided in (1), (2) and (3) below, any expense or charge for Major Care Services will be deemed to be incurred as of the date the particular procedure is performed.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Expenses for fixed bridgework, crowns, inlays or restorations will be deemed incurred on the first date of preparation of the tooth or teeth involved provided You (or Your Dependent) remain continuously insured during the course of treatment. 2. Expenses for full or partial dentures will be deemed incurred on the date the final impression is taken provided You (or Your Dependent) remain continuously insured during the course of treatment. 3. Expenses for rebase of an existing partial or complete denture will be deemed incurred on the first day of preparation of the rebase of such denture provided You (or Your Dependent) remain continuously insured during the course of treatment. 	

V. ORTHODONTIC CARE SERVICES

COVERED SERVICES AND PROVISIONS		
	In-Network	Out-of-Network
Orthodontic Care Services - Consisting of installations of orthodontic appliances and all orthodontic treatments concerned with the reduction or elimination of an existing malocclusion and conditions resulting from that malocclusion through correction of abnormally positioned teeth.		
Orthodontic Care Waiting Period	0 months	0 months
Diagnostic services <i>Includes examination, study models, radiographs and all other diagnostic aids used to determine orthodontic needs.</i>	50% <u>Deductible waived.</u>	50% <u>Deductible waived.</u>
Active orthodontic treatment	50% <u>Deductible waived.</u>	50% <u>Deductible waived.</u>
Retention treatment	50% <u>Deductible waived.</u>	50% <u>Deductible waived.</u>
Expenses Deemed Incurred for Orthodontic Care Services	Orthodontic Care Services expenses are deemed to have been incurred on a monthly basis, commencing for the initial appliances on the first day treatment is given and on an arrears basis for all other charges provided the person remains continuously covered during the Course of Orthodontic Treatment.	

EXCLUSIONS

No payment will be made under this Plan for expenses incurred by a Covered Person based on the below exclusions (*unless specifically stated within the Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions*):

1. for services and treatment unless they were prescribed by a Dentist or Physician, except for scaling or cleaning of teeth and topical application by a licensed dental hygienist if the treatment is rendered under the supervision and guidance of the Dentist or Physician;
2. for or in connection with an Injury for which the Employee or Dependent is entitled to benefits under any Workers' Compensation or similar law;
3. for care and treatment of an Injury arising out of, or in the course of, any employment for wage or profit;
4. for charges incurred on account of services received from a dental or medical department maintained by an employer, a mutual benefit association, labor union, trustee or similar type of group;
5. for charges payable under any federal, state or local government program (unless legally required);
6. for services, supplies or treatment received in any government owned facility (unless legally required or when due to an emergency);
7. for charges which the Covered Person is not legally required to pay, or for charges which would not have been made if no coverage had existed;
8. for services, supplies or treatment for which no charge is applied or under this Plan is prohibited by any law to which the Covered Person is subject at the time expenses are incurred;
9. which are not Reasonable and/or in excess of Usual and Customary Charges;
10. for services or treatment which do not meet the standard of dental practice accepted by the American Dental Association;
11. which are for care or treatment which is experimental or investigational, according to accepted standards of dental practice;
12. which are for care or treatment which is not Dentally Necessary;
13. due to accidental Injury resulting from participation in the commission of an assault or felony;
14. for training, educational instructions or materials, even if they are performed or prescribed by a Dentist or Physician;
15. for charges in connection with dentistry for cosmetic purposes, including the alteration or extraction and replacement of sound teeth to change appearance;
16. for charges incurred on account of war, declared or undeclared, including armed aggression;
17. for expenses incurred on account of loss or theft of dentures, bridgework or appliances;
18. for installation, replacement or alteration of, or additions to, dentures or fixed bridgework, except as provided in the Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions;

19. for charges incurred for:
 - a. myofunctional therapy;
 - b. mouth guards, except as provided in the Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions;
 - c. oral hygiene, dietary or plaque control programs or other educational programs;
 - d. duplicate prosthetic devices or appliances;
 - e. porcelain veneered crowns or pontics placed on or replacing a tooth posterior to the second bicuspid, to the extent the charges exceed the charge that would have been covered under the Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions for acrylic veneered crowns or pontics; or
 - f. crowns, appliances or restorations for the primary purpose of periodontal splinting, altering vertical dimension, or restoring occlusion (except as covered under orthodontic treatment);
20. for services, supplies or treatment which were ordered or started before coverage began, or after coverage ended;
21. for charges incurred by telephone consultation, failing to keep a scheduled visit, failing to complete a claim form or failing to provide medical records;
22. for supplies or appliances of the type normally intended for sport use;
23. for treatment of Temporomandibular Joint (TMJ) disorders;
24. for charges incurred for:
 - a. completion of claim forms; or
 - b. prescription drugs and medicines;
25. for dental care which is provided under a Health or Dental Maintenance Organization or similar organization;
26. for services or supplies furnished by a hospital owned or operated by the United States Government or agency thereof, or furnished by a physician employed by the United States Government or agency thereof, except that services provided and billed by a Veterans' Administration facility or by a Military Hospital for non-service related disabilities will be eligible;
27. for charges for any service or supply not included within the Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions;
28. for supplies or appliances of the type normally intended for home use;
29. for any service covered under the medical plan.

DEFINITIONS

Certain words and terms used herein shall be defined as follows:

CALENDAR YEAR

That period of time commencing at 12:01 a.m. on January 1st and ending at 12:01 a.m. on the next succeeding January 1st. Each succeeding like period will be considered a new Calendar Year.

CLAIMS PROCESSOR

The entity providing consulting services to the Company in connection with the operation of the Plan and performing other functions, including processing of claims. The Claims Processor is Allied Benefit Systems, LLC, P. O. Box 211651, Eagan, MN 55121.

COMPANY

See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.

COURSE OF ORTHODONTIC TREATMENT

The period which begins when the first orthodontic appliance is installed on a Covered Person and ends when the last orthodontic appliance is removed.

COSMETIC SURGERY/TREATMENT

Surgery or treatment that is intended to improve the appearance of a patient or to preserve or restore a pleasing appearance and does not meaningfully promote the proper function of the body or prevent or treat disease (except when necessary to improve a deformity arising from, or directly related to, a congenital abnormality, a personal Injury resulting from an accident or trauma, or a disfiguring disease).

COVERED PERSON/PLAN PARTICIPANT

A covered Employee or a covered Dependent. No person is eligible for health care benefits both as an Employee and as a Dependent under this Plan. When the Company employs both husband and wife, any Dependent children may become covered hereunder only as Dependents of one spouse.

COVERED SERVICES

These are expenses for certain dental services and supplies for the treatment of Injury. A detailed list of Covered Services is set forth in this booklet in the section entitled "Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions."

DEDUCTIBLE/CO-INSURANCE

The amount of eligible expense incurred in any Calendar Year, which must be satisfied by the Covered Person before benefits are paid. Upon receipt of satisfactory proof that a Covered Person has incurred Covered Services as a result of an Injury, the Plan, after deducting the Deductible amount shown in the Schedule of Covered Services and

Provisions from the Covered Services first incurred during that Calendar Year, will pay benefits at the appropriate Co-Insurance level as shown in the Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions.

DENTALLY NECESSARY

Dental care services, supplies or treatment which, in the judgment of the attending Dentist or Physician, is appropriate and consistent with the diagnosis and which, in accordance with generally accepted dental standards, could not have been omitted without adversely affecting the patient's condition or the quality of dental care rendered.

DENTIST

A Doctor of Dental Surgery or a Doctor of Medical Dentistry.

DEPENDENTS

Spouse of the Employee who is a resident of the same country in which the Employee resides. For additional information, see the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.

Children from birth to the age specified under the Eligibility section of the Key Information section who live in the same country in which the Employee resides. The term "*child*" or "*children*" include children that are specified within the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.

DOMESTIC PARTNER

See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.

EMPLOYEE

See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.

EMPLOYER

See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.

ENROLLMENT DATE

The first day of coverage or, if there is a Waiting Period, the first day of the Waiting Period. The Enrollment Date is the point in time where the Look Back Period or Look Forward Period begins.

FAMILY DEDUCTIBLE

If the amount of Covered Services incurred by family members and applied toward the Deductible totals the amount shown in the Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions, the Deductible amount shall be waived for all other members of that family unit for that Calendar Year.

FULL-TIME STUDENT

Shall mean a dependent child of an Employee who is enrolled and regularly attending an accredited educational institution for the minimum number of credit hours required by that institution to maintain Full-Time Student status.

GENDER NEUTRAL WORDING

A masculine pronoun in this document shall at all times be considered synonymous with a feminine pronoun unless the context indicates otherwise.

GENETIC INFORMATION

The term "genetic information" is defined as 1) an individual's own genetic tests, 2) the genetic tests of family members of such individual, and 3) the manifestation of a disease or disorder in family members of such individual. The term "genetic information" also encompasses family medical history. The term "genetic information" additionally extends to genetic information of any fetus carried by a pregnant woman. With respect to an individual or family member utilizing an assisted reproductive technology, genetic information includes the genetic information of any embryo legally held by the individual or family member. The term "genetic information" further extends to dependents and family members defined as first-degree, second-degree, third-degree, or fourth-degree relatives of the individual. The term additionally includes participation in clinical research involving genetic services.

INJURY

Only non-occupational bodily Injury which requires treatment by a Physician.

LATE ENROLLMENT

An enrollment which takes place other than during the first period during which an individual was eligible for coverage, or other than during a period of Special Enrollment or Open Enrollment. See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document for applicability.

LIFETIME

Shall mean, "while covered under the Plan". Under no circumstances will the word "Lifetime" mean "during the lifetime of the Covered Person".

LIFETIME BENEFIT MAXIMUM

The maximum payable under any one Plan or Plan option that is aggregated with any and all other Lifetime Benefit Maximums for any other Plans or Plan options. Any payments made to any one Lifetime Benefit Maximum shall be considered applied to all Lifetime Benefit Maximums.

NAMED FIDUCIARY

The person or entity who has the complete authority to control and manage the operation and administration of the Plan. The Named Fiduciary for the Plan is the Employer, who is the sponsor of this Plan.

In exercising its fiduciary responsibilities, the Employer shall have sole, full and final discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits, review denied claims for benefits, construe and interpret all Plan provisions, construe disputed Plan terms, select managed care options, determine all questions of fact and law arising under this Plan, and to administer the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights. The Employer shall be deemed to have properly exercised such authority unless it has abused its discretion by acting arbitrarily and capriciously.

Any other individual or entity exercising any discretionary authority with respect to the Plan shall also be deemed to have properly exercised such authority unless it has abused its discretion by acting arbitrarily and capriciously.

OPEN ENROLLMENT

Each year, a period of time may be designated as an "Open Enrollment" period. Except for Special Enrollment or Late Enrollment, if applicable, it is only during this period that an Employee or Dependent who did not enroll during their initial eligibility period may enroll in a Plan. Coverage will become effective on the date specified by Your Employer. See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document for applicability, as well as Your Employer for details.

PHYSICIAN

A Physician who is duly qualified and licensed by the state in which he is resident to practice medicine, perform surgery and to prescribe drugs, or who is licensed to practice as a Dentist, podiatrist, chiropractor, psychologist, social worker or practitioner of healing arts, and who is practicing within the scope of his license.

PLACEMENT FOR ADOPTION

The assumption and retention of a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption.

PLAN

The benefits and provisions for payment of same as described herein are the Employer Plan as described in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document. This is a Group Health Plan.

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR

The entity responsible for the day-to-day functions and overall management of the Plan. The Plan Administrator may employ persons or firms to process claims and perform other Plan connected services. The Plan Administrator is the Company.

PLAN YEAR

The 12-month period defined in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document. Fiscal records are maintained for a Plan Year ending as of the date specified under the Key Information section.

QUALIFIED MEDICAL CHILD SUPPORT ORDER

A legal order requiring the coverage of specified child(ren) under an individual's medical plan benefits. If Your employer determines that a separated or divorced spouse or any state child support or Medicaid agency has obtained a legal QMCSO, and Your current plan offers dependent coverage, You will be required to provide coverage for any child(ren) named in the QMCSO. If You do not enroll the child(ren), Your employer must enroll the child(ren) upon application from Your separated/divorced spouse, the state child support agency or Medicaid agency and withhold from Your pay Your share of the cost of such coverage. You may not drop coverage for the child(ren) unless You submit written evidence to Your employer that the child support order is no longer in effect. The plan may make benefit payments for the child(ren) covered by a QMCSO directly to the custodial parent or legal guardian of such child(ren). Group health plans may not deny enrollment of a child under the health coverage of the child's parent on the ground that the child is born out of wedlock, not claimed as a dependent on the parent's tax return, or not in residence with the parent or in the applicable service area. Additional information concerning "QMCSO" procedures are available from the Plan Administrator at no charge upon request.

REASONABLE/REASONABLENESS

"Reasonable" and/or "Reasonableness" shall mean in the Plan Administrator's discretion, services or supplies, or charges for services or supplies, which are necessary for the care and treatment of Injury. Determination that charges or services/supplies are Reasonable will be made by the Plan Administrator, taking into consideration unusual circumstances or complications requiring additional time, skill and experience in connection with a particular service or supply; industry standards and practices as they relate to similar scenarios; and/or the cause of Injury necessitating the service(s) and/or charge(s).

This determination may consider, but not be limited to, the findings and assessments of the following entities: (a) national medical associations, societies, and organizations; and (b) The Food and Drug Administration. To be Reasonable, services, supplies and/or charges must be in compliance with the Plan Administrator's policies and procedures relating to billing practices for unbundling or multiple procedures. The Plan Administrator retains discretionary authority to determine whether services, supplies and/or charges are Reasonable based upon information presented to the Plan Administrator.

The Plan reserves for itself and parties acting on its behalf the right to review charges processed and/or paid by the Plan, and to identify charges and/or services that are not Reasonable, and therefore not eligible for payment by the Plan.

RETIREE

See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.

SPECIAL ENROLLMENT

An enrollment which takes place during the period of time specified in the “Eligibility” section following the date of the event which triggers the Special Enrollment period. See “Eligibility” section for details.

SWITCH ENROLLMENT

Each year, a period of time may be designated as a “Switch Enrollment” period. Except for Special Enrollment, it is only during this period that an Employee who is currently covered under one Plan may switch to another. Coverage will become effective on the date specified by Your Employer. See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document for applicability, as well as Your Employer for details.

TREATMENT PLAN

A written report made by the Dentist or Physician describing the findings of that individual's examination of a Covered Person while the person is covered, and recommended treatment for the person's dental disease or defect or accident causing Injury to teeth.

USUAL AND CUSTOMARY

“Usual and Customary” (U&C) shall mean Covered Services which are identified by the Plan Administrator, taking into consideration the charge(s) which the provider most frequently bills the majority of patients for the service or supply, the cost to the provider for providing the service or supply, the prevailing range of charges billed in the same “area” by providers of similar training and experience for the service or supply, and/or the Medicare reimbursement rates. The term(s) “same geographic locale” and/or “area” shall be defined as a metropolitan area, county, or such greater area as is necessary to obtain a representative cross-section of providers, persons or organizations rendering such treatment, service, or supply for which a specific charge is made. To be Usual and Customary, the charge must be in compliance with the Plan Administrator’s policies and procedures relating to billing practices for unbundling or multiple procedures.

The term “Usual” refers to the amount of a charge made for medical services, care, or supplies, to the extent that the charge does not exceed the common level of charges made by other medical professionals with similar credentials, or health care facilities, pharmacies, or equipment suppliers of similar standing, which are located in the same geographic locale in which the charge is incurred.

The term “Customary” refers to the form and substance of a service, supply, or treatment provided in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice to one individual, which is appropriate for the care or treatment of the same sex, comparable age and who receive such services or supplies within the same geographic locale.

The term "Usual and Customary" does not necessarily mean the actual charge made nor the specific service or supply furnished to a Covered Person by a provider of services or supplies. The Plan Administrator will determine what the Usual and Customary charge is, for any procedure, service, or supply, and whether a specific procedure, service or supply is Usual and Customary.

Usual and Customary charges may, at the Plan Administrator's discretion, alternatively be determined and established by the Plan using normative data such as, but not limited to, average wholesale price (AWP) for prescriptions and/or manufacturer's retail pricing (MRP) for supplies and devices.

WAITING PERIOD

The period of time before an individual is eligible to be covered under the terms of a group health plan. Any period before a Late Enrollment, Open Enrollment or Special Enrollment is not a Waiting Period.

YOU/YOURSELF

A covered Employee or a covered Dependent. No person is eligible for health care benefits both as an Employee and as a Dependent under this Plan. When the Company employs both husband and wife, any Dependent children may become covered hereunder only as Dependents of one spouse.

ELIGIBILITY

WHO IS ELIGIBLE

See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.

NON-DISCRIMINATION

In regard to the offering of coverage, the Plan will not discriminate against any individual on the basis of health status, medical condition (physical or mental), claims experience, receipt of health care, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability or disability. No otherwise eligible individual will be refused the opportunity to enroll in the Plan due to participation in any particular activity, regardless of its hazardous nature. The Plan will not discriminate against similarly situated individuals in regard to eligibility or benefits (however, this does not limit the Plan's ability to treat participants classifiable through non-health related criteria as different groups in different ways.) The Plan will not knowingly discriminate against any individual on the basis of health factors. However, the Plan may impose coverage limits or exclusions on all similarly situated individuals which may have an effect on only some individuals.

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

For date of eligibility, please see the Key Information section at the beginning of this document. Providing a new employee is actively at work on at least the first day of employment, the Plan will not exclude absences from work due to health related reasons from credit towards the waiting period, if applicable, as referenced in the Key Information section.

DEPENDENT COVERAGE

Each Dependent of the eligible Employee becomes eligible for Dependent coverage under the Plan on the later of the following:

1. The date the Employee is eligible; or
2. The date the individual becomes a Dependent of the Employee if on that date the Employee is covered.

INDIVIDUAL EFFECTIVE DATE

All persons become covered, as they become eligible subject to the following:

1. All Employees, who are eligible Employees, shall be covered on the day they become eligible, as discussed in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.
2. Dependents shall be covered simultaneously with Employees covering them as Dependents.
3. Coverage for a spouse will begin from the date of marriage or the date the civil union under Illinois law becomes effective, the earliest date of which is

June 1, 2011. (A marriage between persons of the same sex, a civil union, or a substantially similar legal relationship other than common law marriage, legally entered into in another jurisdiction, shall also be recognized under Illinois law as a civil union, effective June 1, 2011.) Coverage for a newborn birth child will begin from the date of birth. Coverage for a child placed under legal guardianship, an adopted child or a child placed for adoption with the Employee will begin from the date of Placement for Adoption. Coverage for a stepchild or foster child will begin from the date the child meets the definition of "Dependent." With respect to a spouse, the spouse must be formally enrolled and appropriate coverage arranged within 30 days from date of marriage or the date the civil union becomes effective. With respect to a newborn birth child, the child must be formally enrolled and appropriate coverage arranged within 30 days from birth. With respect to a child placed under legal guardianship, an adopted child or child placed for adoption, the child must be formally enrolled and appropriate coverage arranged within 30 days from the date of Placement For Adoption. With respect to a stepchild or a foster child, the child must be formally enrolled and appropriate coverage arranged within 30 days from the date that the child meets the definition of "Dependent."

OPEN ENROLLMENT

See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document for applicability.

LATE ENROLLMENT

See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document for applicability.

SPECIAL ENROLLMENT

The Plan permits a Special Enrollment period for an Employee (or a Dependent), who is eligible for coverage, but not enrolled, to enroll if the Employee (or Dependent) had other coverage and loses it, or if a person becomes a Dependent of the Employee through marriage, civil union, birth, adoption or Placement for Adoption. A person who enrolls during a Special Enrollment period is not treated as a late enrollee.

An individual may be eligible for Special Enrollment if the Employee, at the time coverage is declined, provides a statement, in writing, indicating the reason for declining coverage. To be eligible for Special Enrollment, the Employee must have declined coverage due to coverage under another plan. However, Special Enrollment will be available to Employees that decline coverage without having coverage under another plan and subsequently enroll in other coverage and lose that coverage. The Employee must have had an opportunity for Late Enrollment, Open Enrollment or Special Enrollment under this Plan but again chose not to enroll. Special Enrollment is also available to an Employee or Dependent who becomes eligible for a premium assistance subsidy under Medicaid or a state Children's Health Insurance (CHIP) program with

respect to this Plan.

If the Employee declined coverage because the other coverage was COBRA coverage, then the COBRA coverage must be exhausted before Special Enrollment will be available. If the other coverage is not COBRA coverage, then to be eligible for Special Enrollment, the other coverage must be lost due to a loss of eligibility, or employer contributions must have ended. Loss of eligibility includes a loss of coverage due to:

- divorce;
- legal separation;
- death;
- termination of employment, or reduction in hours of employment;
- relocating outside of an HMO's service area (only if there is no access to other coverage through the HMO);
- a plan no longer offering benefits to a class of similarly situated individuals even if the plan continues to provide coverage to other individuals;
- the Employee or Dependent is covered under a Medicaid plan or under a state CHIP program, and coverage of the employee or dependent under such a plan/program is terminated as a result of loss of eligibility for such coverage.

An Employee who is already enrolled in a benefit option may enroll in another benefit option under the Plan if their Dependent has a Special Enrollment right because the Dependent lost other health coverage.

Under Special Enrollment, the Employee must request enrollment, in writing within 30 days after the exhaustion of COBRA, or termination of the other coverage (other than Medicaid or Children's Health Insurance, see below), or the date of the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption, or the date the civil union becomes effective, the earliest date of which is June 1, 2011. (If the Employee entered into a civil union in another state before June 1, 2011, the civil union spouse (and Employee) can request Special Enrollment beginning June 1, 2011 for a thirty day period.) If eligible, enrollment in the Plan, in cases of marriage, birth or adoption/Placement for Adoption, will be effective as of the date of the event, and will also be effective on the date the civil union similarly becomes effective; otherwise, coverage will be available no later than the first day of the first month beginning after the completed request for enrollment is received.

Under Special Enrollment, the Employee must request enrollment, in writing within 60 days after the termination of Medicaid or Children's Health Insurance (CHIP) coverage, or when eligible for a premium assistance subsidy under Medicaid or a state CHIP program. If eligible, enrollment in the Plan will be effective no later than the first day of the first month beginning after the completed request for enrollment is received.

SWITCH ENROLLMENT

See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document for applicability.

TERMINATION OF COVERAGE

See the Key Information section at the beginning of this document for details.

EMPLOYER POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Except as required under the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Family and Medical Leave Act, or the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act, the Employer's policies and procedures regarding waiting periods, continuation of coverage or reinstatement of coverage shall apply during the following situations: Employer certified disability, leave of absence, layoff, reinstatement, hire or rehire. Whether an Employee averages the requisite hours of service to be eligible for coverage shall be determined in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Employer.

PROCEDURES FOR FILING CLAIMS

The claims filing address You must use for filing all dental claims is shown on Your ID card.

1. Each bill should be itemized as to services, show payment status, and include the name of the patient, the Employee's social security number or unique identification number ("UID"), and the name and/or group number of the Employer.
2. It is Your responsibility to see that all bills are submitted as indicated above. Proper payment cannot be made without the proper bills.
3. All charges, and corresponding requested documentation, must be submitted within the time frame specified in the Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions. Failure to do so will result in the denial of the charges.
4. From time to time, additional information may be requested to process Your claim. Any additional information, i.e. other insurance payments or information, completed claim forms or subrogation forms, accident details, police reports, etc. must be submitted by You or Your provider(s) when requested within the time frame specified in the Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions. Your failure to do so will result in the denial of the claim.
5. Only clean claims will be adjudicated by the Plan. A clean claim is one that is complete and accurate, does not require further information for processing from the provider, patient, or any other person or entity, and leaves no issues regarding the Plan's responsibility for payment.

Always retain a copy of the bill for Your records.

MISCELLANEOUS CLAIMS FILING CONSIDERATIONS

It is necessary to keep separate records of Your expenses with respect to each of Your Dependents and Yourself. The following items are important and should be carefully kept to be submitted with Your claim:

1. All Physicians' bills should show the following:
 - a. Name of patient and adequate membership information
 - b. Dates and charges for services, and payment status of each
 - c. Types of service rendered and procedure codes
 - d. Diagnosis information

Always retain a copy of the bill for Your records.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

ADMINISTRATION OF THE PLAN

The Plan is administered through the Office of the Company. The Company has retained the services of an independent Claims Processor experienced in claims processing. Fiscal records are maintained for a Plan Year ending as of the date specified under the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.

The Plan is a legal entity. Legal notices may be filed with, and legal process served upon, the Plan Administrator at the address specified in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.

APPEALING A CLAIM

CLAIMS PROCEDURES

An explanation of benefits or other written or electronic notification will be provided by the Plan Administrator showing the calculation of the total amount payable for the claim, charges not payable, and the reason. If the claim is denied or reduced in whole or in part, it is considered an “Adverse Benefit Determination” and is subject to the provisions detailed on the following page.

The Plan Administrator will notify the claimant of an Adverse Benefit Determination within 30 days after receipt of the claim. However, in certain cases an extension of up to 15 days may be utilized if the Plan Administrator determines that the extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the Plan and the claimant is notified prior to the expiration of the initial 30 day period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan Administrator expects to render a decision. If such an extension is necessary due to a failure of claimant to submit the information necessary to decide the claim, the notice of extension shall specifically describe the required information, and the claimant shall be given at least 45 days within which to provide the specified information.

A notice of Adverse Benefit Determination will include the following:

- The specific reason or reasons for the adverse determination.
- Reference to specific plan provisions on which the adverse determination is based.
- A description of any additional material or information necessary for the claimant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary.
- A description of the Plan’s appeal procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures.

- If an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse determination, either the specific rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion will be set forth in notice of Adverse Benefit Determination; or the notice will contain a statement that such a rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse determination and that a copy of such rule, guideline, protocol, or other criterion will be provided free of charge to the claimant upon request.
- If the Adverse Benefit Determination is based on a medical necessity or experimental treatment or similar exclusion or limit, either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the claimant's medical circumstances, will be set forth in the notice of Adverse Benefit Determination, or the notice will contain a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request. In addition, the notice of Adverse Benefit Determination will identify any health care professional engaged by the Plan in connection with the claim.

APPEALS PROCEDURE

If You receive an Adverse Benefit Determination, You or Your authorized representative may appeal the determination by filing a written application with the Plan Administrator. In appealing an Adverse Benefit Determination, the Plan Administrator will provide You or Your authorized representative:

- The opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the claim for benefits.
- Upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claim.
- A full and fair review that takes into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.
- A full and fair review that does not afford deference to the initial benefit determination and is conducted by an appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan who is neither the individual who made the initial Adverse Benefit Determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of such individual.
- In deciding an appeal of an Adverse Benefit Determination that is based in whole or in part on a medical judgment, including determinations with regard to whether a particular treatment, drug, or other item is experimental, investigational, or not medically necessary or appropriate, that the appropriate named fiduciary shall consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment and that the health care professional consulted shall neither be an individual who was consulted in connection with the initial Adverse Benefit Determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of any such individual.

- Upon request, the identification of medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with a claimant's Adverse Benefit Determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the benefit determination.

An appeal must be filed within 180 days after the Adverse Benefit Determination is received.

The Plan Administrator will notify You or Your authorized representative of its determination within 60 days.

The Plan Administrator's determination:

- will be in writing setting forth specific reasons for the decision and reference to the specific plan provisions upon which the decision is based.
- will contain a statement that You are entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claim for benefits.
- if an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion was relied upon in making the Adverse Benefit Determination, either the specific rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion will be set forth in the determination; or the determination will contain a statement that such rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse determination and that a copy of the rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion will be provided free of charge to the claimant upon request.
- if the Adverse Benefit Determination is based on a medical necessity or experimental treatment or similar exclusion or limit, either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the claimant's medical circumstances, will be set forth in the determination, or the determination will contain a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

ASSIGNMENT OF BENEFITS

An arrangement whereby the Plan Participant assigns their right to seek and receive payment of eligible Plan benefits. Plan Participants cannot assign, pledge, borrow against or otherwise promise any benefits payable under the Plan before receipt of the benefit. However, benefits will be provided to a Participant's qualified dependent if required by a Qualified Medical Child Support Order or National Medical Support Notice. In addition, subject to the written direction of a Participant, all or a portion of benefits provided by the Plan may, at the option of the Plan and unless a Participant requests otherwise in writing, be paid directly to the person rendering such service. The payment of benefits directly to a provider of services, if any, is done as a convenience to the Plan Participant and does not constitute an assignment of rights or benefits under the Plan. Providers of services are not, and shall not be construed as, either "Participants" or

“beneficiaries” under this Plan and have no rights to receive benefits from the Plan or to pursue legal causes of action on behalf of (or in place of) Participants and beneficiaries under any circumstances. Any payment made by the Plan in good faith pursuant to this provision shall fully discharge the Plan and the Employer to the extent of such payment.

CLAIM AUDIT

Once a written claim for benefits is received, the Plan Administrator, at its discretion, may elect to have such claim reviewed or audited for accuracy, Reasonableness and/or the Usual and Customary nature of charges as part of the adjudication process. This process may include, but not be limited to, identifying charges for items/services that may not be covered or may not have been delivered, duplicate charges and charges beyond the Reasonable and/or Usual and Customary guidelines as determined by the Plan Administrator.

COMPLIANCE

The Plan shall comply with all federally mandated benefit laws and regulations pertaining to employee benefit plans. The intent of the Plan is to assure full compliance with all appropriate federal laws, rules and regulations and any act or omission through negligence or otherwise which results in any such violation, shall be construed as unintentional. The Claims Processor shall be fully discharged from liability under this Plan.

CONTACT INFORMATION FOR THE PLAN ADMINISTRATOR, NAMED FIDUCIARY, AND AGENT FOR SERVICE OF LEGAL PROCESS

Same as Employer.

CONTRIBUTIONS

The benefits provided under the terms of this Plan are purchased through Employer contributions. At the discretion of the Company, Employees may be required to contribute on a payroll deduction basis.

FUNDING

This Plan is a Company sponsored self-funded reimbursement program for the benefits described in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document.

LIENS

To the full extent permitted by law, all rights and benefits accruing under this Plan shall be exempt from execution, attachment, garnishment, or other legal or equitable process, for the debts or liabilities of any Employee.

This Plan is not a substitute for and does not affect any requirement for coverage by Workers' Compensation Insurance.

NO WAIVER

A failure to enforce any provision of this Plan shall not affect any right thereafter to

enforce any such provision, nor shall such failure affect any right to enforce any other provision of this Plan.

PLAN IS NOT A CONTRACT

The Plan shall not be deemed to constitute a contract between the Company and any Employee or to be a consideration for, or an inducement or condition of, the employment of any Employee. Nothing in the Plan shall be deemed to give any Employee the right to be retained in the service of the Company or to interfere with the right of the Company to discharge any Employee at any time.

PLAN AMENDMENT, MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION

The Company reserves the right to amend, modify, revoke or terminate the Plan, in whole or in part, at any time and such amendment, modification, revocation or termination of the Plan shall be made by a written Plan endorsement signed by an authorized representative of the Company. Any such changes to the Plan, which affect participants, will be communicated to such participants by the Plan Administrator. Upon termination of the Plan, the rights of participants to benefits are limited to claims incurred and due up to the date of termination.

REIMBURSEMENT AND SUBROGATION PROVISIONS

PAYMENT CONDITION

The Plan, in its sole discretion, may elect to conditionally advance payment of benefits in those situations where an Injury or disability is caused in whole or in part by, or results from the acts or omissions of, a Covered Person or a third party, where any party besides the Plan may be responsible for expenses arising from an incident, and/or other funds are available, including but not limited to no-fault, uninsured motorist, underinsured motorist, medical payment provisions, third party assets, third party insurance, and/or grantor(s) of a third party (collectively "Coverage").

However, such payment of benefits by the Plan shall be made only if the Covered Person first provides a reimbursement agreement in writing. Notwithstanding the foregoing, payment of any claim in the absence of a signed reimbursement agreement shall not invalidate the obligation of the Covered Person to otherwise reimburse the Plan.

The Covered Person (including his attorney, and/or legal guardian of a covered minor or incapacitated individual) agrees that acceptance of the Plan's conditional payment of medical benefits is constructive notice of these provisions in their entirety and agrees to maintain the full extent of payment from any one or combination of first and third party sources in trust, without disruption except for reimbursement to the Plan or the Plan's assignee. By accepting benefits, the Covered Person agrees the Plan shall have an equitable lien on any funds received by the Covered Person and/or his attorney from any source and said funds shall be held in trust until such time as the obligations

under this provision are fully satisfied. The Covered Person agrees to include the Plan's name as a co-payee on any and all settlement drafts. Further, by accepting benefits, the Covered Person understands that any recovery obtained pursuant to this section is an asset of the Plan to the extent of the amount of benefits paid by the Plan and that the Covered Person shall be a trustee over those Plan assets.

In the event a Covered Person settles, recovers, or is reimbursed by any Coverage, the Covered Person agrees to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid or that will be paid by the Plan on behalf of the Covered Person. If the Covered Person fails to reimburse the Plan out of any judgment or settlement received, the Covered Person will be responsible for any and all expenses (fees and costs) associated with the Plan's attempt to recover such money.

If there is more than one party responsible for charges paid by the Plan, or who may be responsible for charges paid by the Plan, the Plan will not be required to select a particular party from whom reimbursement is due. Furthermore, unallocated settlement funds meant to compensate multiple injured parties of which the Covered Person is only one, that unallocated settlement fund is considered designated as an "identifiable" fund from which the Plan may seek reimbursement.

SUBROGATION

As a condition to participating in and receiving benefits under this Plan, the Covered Person agrees to assign to the Plan the right to subrogate and pursue any and all claims, causes of action or rights that may arise against any person, corporation and/or entity and to any Coverage to which the Covered Person is entitled, regardless of how classified or characterized, at the Plan's discretion.

If a Covered Person receives or becomes entitled to receive benefits, an automatic equitable lien attaches in favor of the Plan to any claim, which any Covered Person may have against any Coverage and/or party causing the Injury or disability to the extent of such conditional payment by the Plan plus reasonable costs of collection. The Covered Person is obligated to notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement, execution of a release, or receipt of applicable funds. The Covered Person is also obligated to hold any and all funds so received in trust on the Plan's behalf and function as a trustee as applied to those funds until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

The Plan may, at its discretion, in its own name or in the name of the Covered Person commence a proceeding or pursue a claim against any party or Coverage for the recovery of all damages to the full extent of the value of any such benefits or conditional payments advanced by the Plan.

If the Covered Person fails to file a claim or pursue damages against:

- a) the responsible party, its insurer, or any other source on behalf of that party;
- b) any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage;
- c) any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a third party;
- d) worker's compensation or other liability insurance company; or
- e) any other source, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, any medical, disability or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage;

the Covered Person authorizes the Plan to pursue, sue, compromise and/or settle any such claims in the Covered Person's and/or the Plan's name and agrees to fully cooperate with the Plan in the prosecution of any such claims. The Covered Person assigns all rights to the Plan or its assignee to pursue a claim and the recovery of all expenses from any and all sources listed above.

RIGHT OF REIMBURSEMENT

The Plan shall have the specific right of first recovery ("reimbursement"), and as such, shall be entitled to recover 100% of the benefits paid, without deduction for attorneys' fees and costs or application of the common fund doctrine, make whole doctrine, or any other equitable and/or legal theory, without regard to whether the Covered Person is fully compensated by his recovery from all sources. The Plan shall have an equitable lien which supersedes all common law or statutory rules, doctrines, and laws of any state prohibiting assignment of rights which interferes with or compromises in any way the Plan's equitable lien and right to reimbursement. The obligation to reimburse the Plan in full exists regardless of how the judgment or settlement is classified and whether or not the judgment or settlement specifically designates the recovery or a portion of it as including medical, disability, or other expenses. If the Covered Person's recovery is less than the benefits paid, then the Plan is entitled to be paid all of the recovery achieved. Any funds received by the Covered Person are deemed held in constructive trust and should not be dissipated or disbursed until such time as the Covered Person's obligation to reimburse the Plan has been satisfied in accordance with these provisions. The Covered Person is also obligated to hold any and all funds so received in trust on the Plan's behalf and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

No court costs, experts' fees, attorneys' fees, filing fees, or other costs or expenses of litigation may be deducted from the Plan's recovery without the prior, expressed written consent of the Plan.

The Plan's right of subrogation and reimbursement will not be reduced or affected as a result of any fault or claim on the part of the Covered Person, whether under the doctrines of causation, comparative fault or contributory negligence, or other similar doctrine in law. Accordingly, any lien reduction statutes, which attempt to apply such laws and reduce a subrogating Plan's recovery will not be applicable to the Plan and will not reduce the Plan's reimbursement rights.

These rights of subrogation and reimbursement shall apply without regard to whether any separate written acknowledgment of these rights is required by the Plan and signed by the Covered Person.

This provision shall not limit any other remedies of the Plan provided by law. These rights of subrogation and reimbursement shall apply without regard to the location of the event that led to or caused the applicable sickness, injury, disease or disability.

COVERED PERSON IS A TRUSTEE OVER PLAN ASSETS

Any Covered Person who receives benefits and is therefore subject to the terms of this section is hereby deemed a recipient and holder of Plan assets and is therefore deemed a trustee of the Plan solely as it relates to possession of any funds which may be owed to the Plan as a result of any settlement, judgment or recovery through any other means arising from any injury or accident. By virtue of this status, the Covered Person understands that he/she is required to:

- a) notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement, execution of a release, or receipt of applicable funds;
- b) instruct his/her attorney to ensure that the Plan and/or its authorized representative is included as a payee on all settlement drafts;
- c) in circumstances where the Covered Person is not represented by an attorney, instruct the insurance company or any third party from whom the Covered Person obtains a settlement, judgment or other source of coverage to include the Plan or its authorized representative as a payee on the settlement draft; and,
- d) hold any and all funds so received in trust, on the Plan's behalf, and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds, until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

To the extent the Covered Person disputes his/her obligation to the Plan under this section, the Covered Person or any of his/her agents or representatives is also required to hold any/all settlement funds, including the entire settlement if the settlement is less than the Plan's interests, and without reduction in consideration of attorney's fees, for which he/she exercises control, in an account segregated from his/her general accounts or general assets until such

time as the dispute is resolved.

No Covered Person, beneficiary, or the agents or representatives thereof, exercising control over plan assets and incurring trustee responsibility in accordance with this section will have any authority to accept any reduction of the Plan's interest on the Plan's behalf.

SEPARATION OF FUNDS

Benefits paid by the Plan, funds recovered by the Covered Person, and funds held in trust over which the Plan has an equitable lien exist separately from the property and estate of the Covered Person(s), such that the death of the Covered Person, or filing of bankruptcy by the Covered Person(s), will not affect the Plan's equitable lien, the funds over which the Plan has a lien, or the Plan's right to subrogation and reimbursement.

WRONGFUL DEATH

In the event that the Covered Person dies as a result of his injuries and a wrongful death or survivor claim is asserted against a third party or any Coverage, the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights shall still apply.

OBLIGATIONS

It is the Covered Person's obligation at all times, both prior to and after payment of medical benefits by the Plan:

- a) to cooperate with the Plan, or any representatives of the Plan, in protecting its rights, including discovery, attending depositions, and/or cooperating in trial to preserve the Plan's rights;
- b) to provide the Plan with pertinent information regarding the Injury, or disability, including accident reports, settlement information and any other requested additional information;
- c) to take such action and execute such documents as the Plan may require to facilitate enforcement of its subrogation and reimbursement rights, including providing to the Plan an executed reimbursement agreement;
- d) to do nothing to prejudice the Plan's rights of subrogation and reimbursement;
- e) to promptly reimburse the Plan when a recovery through settlement, judgment, award or other payment is received; and
- f) to not settle or release, without the prior consent of the Plan, any claim to the extent that the Covered Person may have against any responsible party or Coverage.

If the Covered Person and/or his attorney fails to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid or to be paid, as a result of said injury or condition, out of any proceeds, judgment or settlement received, the Covered Person will be responsible for any and all expenses (whether fees or costs) associated with the

Plan's attempt to recover such money from the Covered Person.

The Plan's rights to reimbursement and/or subrogation are in no way dependent upon the Covered Person's cooperation or adherence to these terms.

OFFSET

Failure by the Covered Person and/or his attorney to comply with any of these requirements may, at the Plan's discretion, result in a forfeiture of payment by the Plan of medical benefits, and any funds, or payments due under this Plan on behalf of the Covered Person may be withheld until the Covered Person satisfies his obligation.

MINOR STATUS

In the event the Covered Person is a minor as that term is defined by applicable law, the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian shall cooperate in any and all actions by the Plan to seek and obtain requisite court approval to bind the minor and his estate insofar as these subrogation and reimbursement provisions are concerned.

If the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian fail to take such action, the Plan shall have no obligation to advance payment of medical benefits on behalf of the minor. Any court costs or legal fees associated with obtaining such approval shall be paid by the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian.

SEVERABILITY

In the event that any section of this provision is considered invalid or illegal for any reason, said invalidity or illegality shall not affect the remaining sections of this provision and Plan. The section shall be fully severable. The Plan shall be construed and enforced as if such invalid or illegal sections had never been inserted in the Plan.

RIGHT TO RECEIVE AND RELEASE NECESSARY INFORMATION

For the purpose of determining the applicability of and implementing the terms of these benefits, the Plan Administrator may, without the consent of or notice to any person, release or obtain any information necessary to determine acceptability of any applicant for participation in the Plan.

In so acting, the Plan Administrator shall be free from any liability that may arise with regard to such action. Any person claiming benefits under this Plan shall furnish to the Plan Administrator such information as may be necessary to implement this provision.

RIGHTS OF RECOVERY

Whenever payments have been made by the Plan which are in excess of the maximum amount allowed under the Plan or are otherwise not covered under any provision of the Plan, the Claims Processor or Plan Administrator shall have the right to recover such payments from among one or more of the following: any persons to, for or with respect to whom such payments were made; any providers of service; any insurance companies

or any other organizations. Current benefit payments may be reduced to satisfy outstanding reimbursements.

SEVERABILITY

Should any provision of this Summary Plan Description be declared invalid or illegal for any reason, such invalidity or illegality shall not affect the remaining portions of the Summary Plan Description. Any remaining portions shall remain in full force and effect, as if this Summary Plan Description did not contain the invalid or illegal provision.

SUBMISSION OF CLAIM

All charges, and corresponding requested documentation, must be submitted by the date specified in the Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions. Failure to do so will result in the denial of the charges.

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL MODIFICATIONS

Covered Persons shall be furnished summary descriptions of material modifications in the terms of this Plan and changes in the information required to be included in the Summary Plan Description pertaining to this Plan not later than 210 days after the end of the Plan Year in which the change is adopted. However, in the case of any modification or change that is a material reduction in covered services or benefits provided under the Plan, Covered Persons will be furnished a summary of such modification or change not later than 60 days after the adoption of the modification or change, unless the Employer provides summaries of modifications or changes at regular intervals of not more than 90 days.

SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Company will issue to each Employee under the Plan, a document that shall summarize the benefits to which the person is entitled, to whom the benefits are payable, and the provisions of the Plan principally affecting the Employee. This document is intended to satisfy the requirement for both a Summary Plan Description and Plan Description.

SYSTEM FOR PROCESSING CLAIMS

Claims will be processed on the following basis: 1) first, any non-covered services or services in excess of Plan provisions will be subtracted from billed charges; 2) then, Reasonable and/or Usual and Customary limitations will be applied (if applicable); 3) then, any reduction authorized by agreements with provider networks will be applied to charges from network providers; and 4) then, any Deductible/Co-Insurance or uncollected co-pays will be deducted from the remaining eligible amount prior to payment.

TYPE OF ADMINISTRATION

The Plan is self-administered by the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator has hired a Claims Processor to process claims and provide consulting services and ministerial functions.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS (COB)

The Coordination of Benefits provision is intended to prevent payments of benefits that exceed expenses. It applies when any other plan or plans also cover the person covered by this Plan. When more than one coverage exists, one plan normally pays its benefits in full and the other plans pay a reduced benefit. This Plan will always pay either its benefits in full or a reduced amount which, when added to the benefits payable by the other plan or plans, will not exceed 100% of allowable expenses. Only the amount paid by the Plan will be charged against the Plan maximums. See Schedule of Covered Services and Provisions to determine the type of Coordination of Benefits this Plan provides.

To coordinate benefits, it is necessary to determine in what order the benefits of various Plans are payable. This is determined as follows:

1. If a plan does not have a provision for the coordination of benefits, its benefits are payable before this Plan.
2. If a plan covers a person other than as a Dependent, its benefits are payable before this Plan. This includes Medicare covering a person other than as a Dependent (e.g. a retired Employee) and any Medicare Supplement Plan. However, in all instances, federal regulations regarding Medicare as a secondary payer will apply.
3. If a plan covers an active Employee, its benefits are payable before this Plan. This order of determination does not supersede 2 above.
4. If an individual is covered as a Dependent under 2 separate plans, the benefits are payable first under the Employee's plan having the earliest birthday in a Calendar Year. However, if the Dependent is a child whose parents are separated or divorced, the "birthday rule" does not apply. The following order to determination will apply:
If the parent with custody has not remarried:
 - a) The plan of the parent with custody is primary.
 - b) The plan of the parent without custody is secondary.If the parent with custody has remarried:
 - a) The plan of the parent with custody is primary.
 - b) The plan of the stepparent with custody is secondary.
 - c) The plan of the parent without custody is tertiary (third).There may be a court decree that makes one parent financially responsible for the health care expenses incurred by the child. If a plan covers the child as a Dependent of that parent, its benefits are payable before those of a plan that covers the child as a Dependent of the parent without financial responsibility.
5. If a plan covers an individual who is also allowed to be covered by this Plan pursuant to COBRA continuation coverage, its benefits are payable before this Plan.
6. If items 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 do not apply, the benefits of a plan that has covered the person for the longest period of time will be payable before those of the other plan.

Any other “plan” means and includes, but is not necessarily limited to the following: any policy, contract or other arrangement for group insurance benefits, including any hospital or medical service organization plan or other service or prepayment plan arranged through any employer, union, trustee, Employee benefit association, government agency or professional association; or any homeowner’s policy or other policy providing liability coverage; or any coverage for students sponsored by or provided through a school or other educational institution; or any individual or non-group health coverage, of which the Plan Administrator is actually aware, including but not limited to a plan or policy purchased or made available through a state or federally managed Health Insurance Marketplace; or any coverage provided by a licensed Health Maintenance Organization (HMO); or any benefits payable under Medicare (to the extent permitted by law); or any government program or any coverage provided by statute.

The term “plan” shall also mean any mandatory “no-fault” automobile insurance coverage providing benefits under a medical expense reimbursement provision for hospital, medical, or other health care services and treatment because of accidental bodily Injuries arising out of a motor vehicle accident; and any other payment received under any automobile policy.

To administer this provision, the Company has the right to:

1. Release or obtain data needed to determine the benefits payable under this provision
2. Recover any sum paid above the amount that is required by this provision and
3. Repay any party for a payment made by the party, when the Company should have made the payment.

COMPLIANCE REGULATIONS

FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE ACT (FMLA)

The following applies to companies with 50 or more employees

If the Covered Person is entitled to, and elects to take, a family or medical leave solely under the terms of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA), the Covered Person and his covered Dependents shall continue to be covered under this Plan while the Covered Person is absent from work on an FMLA leave as if there were no interruption of active employment. Provided the applicable premium is paid, such coverage will continue until the earlier of the expiration of such leave or the date notice is given to the Company that the Covered Person does not intend to return to work at the end of the FMLA leave.

The Covered Person may choose not to retain health coverage during the FMLA leave. If he returns to active working status on or before the expiration of the leave, he is entitled to have coverage reinstated on the same basis as it would have been if the leave had not been taken. (Coverage will be reinstated without any additional qualification requirements imposed by this Plan. This Plan's provisions with respect to pre-existing conditions, Deductibles and percentage of payments will apply on the same basis as they did prior to the FMLA leave.)

GENETIC INFORMATION

The Plan may not adjust premium or contribution amounts for those covered under the Plan on the basis of genetic information. The Plan may also not request, require or purchase genetic information for underwriting purposes (or in connection with any individual prior to such individual's enrollment under the Plan). The term "underwriting" covers rules relating to the determination of eligibility (including enrollment and continued eligibility) for Plan benefits or coverage, the computation of premium or contribution amounts, application of pre-existing condition exclusions and any activities relating to the creation, renewal, or replacement of the Plan.

This Plan is prohibited from requesting or requiring genetic testing on the part of an individual or his family members. Genetic tests include analysis of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, proteins, or metabolites that detect genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes. The term "genetic test" does not mean an analysis of proteins or metabolites that does not detect genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes; or an analysis of proteins or metabolites that is directly related to a manifested disease, disorder, or pathological condition that could reasonably be detected by a health care professional with appropriate training and expertise in the field of medicine involved.

The Plan may obtain and use the results of a genetic test when making payment determinations (so long as only the minimum amount of information is utilized necessary for the determination).

A plan may request (but not require) that a participant undergo a genetic test if 1) the plan clearly indicates that compliance is voluntary, and that noncompliance will have no effect on enrollment status or premium/contribution amounts, 2) no genetic information collected is used for underwriting purposes, and 3) the plan notify the applicable federal government agency that the plan is conducting activities pursuant to this exception and includes a description of the activities.

MICHELLE'S LAW

A Dependent child student who takes a "medically necessary leave of absence" will not lose health insurance coverage for up to one year after he/she takes the leave of absence. A Dependent child taking a medically necessary leave is entitled to the same benefits as if the Dependent had continued to be covered as a student without such a leave. A "medically necessary leave of absence" means a leave of absence from a postsecondary educational institution that begins while the Dependent child is suffering from a serious illness or injury, is medically necessary, and causes the Dependent to lose student status for purposes of coverage under the terms of the Plan. A medically necessary leave of absence also includes a change in the student's course load that results in the loss of student status under the terms of the Plan.

The Plan must continue coverage for a Dependent child on a medically necessary leave of absence 1) for up to one year after the first day of the medically necessary leave of absence, or 2) the date on which such coverage would otherwise terminate under the terms of the Plan, whichever is earlier. The requirement to extend coverage during "medically necessary leaves of absence" only applies if the Plan receives a written certification by a treating physician of the Dependent child which states that the child is suffering from a serious illness or injury and that the leave of absence is medically necessary.

MILITARY LEAVES

If You are absent from work due to military service, You may elect to continue coverage under the Plan (including coverage for enrolled Dependents) for up to 24 months from the first day of absence (or, if earlier, until the day after the date You are required to apply for or return to active employment with Your Employer under the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 (USERRA)). Your contributions for continued coverage will be the same as for a COBRA beneficiary, except that, if You are absent for 30 days or less, Your contribution will be the same as for similarly situated active participants in the Plan.

Whether or not You continue coverage during military service, You may reinstate coverage under the Plan on Your return to employment under USERRA. The reinstatement will be without any waiting period otherwise required under the Plan, except to the extent that You had not fully completed any required waiting period prior to the start of military service.

NOTICE OF CONTINUATION COVERAGE RIGHTS UNDER COBRA

INTRODUCTION

This notice contains important information about your rights to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the Plan. **This notice generally explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect the right to receive it.**

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you and other members of your family when group health coverage would otherwise end. For more information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law, you should review the Plan's Summary Plan Description or contact the Plan Administrator.

You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage. For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse's plan), even if that plan generally doesn't accept late enrollees.

WHAT IS COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE?

COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when coverage would otherwise end because of a life event. This is also called a "qualifying event". Specific qualifying events are listed later in this notice. After a qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person who is a "qualified beneficiary." You, your spouse, and your dependent children could become qualified beneficiaries if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the qualifying event. Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

If you're an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- Your hours of employment are reduced, or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

If you're the spouse of an employee, you will become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- Your spouse dies;
- Your spouse's hours of employment are reduced;
- Your spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- Your spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
- You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because any of the following qualifying events:

- The parent-employee dies;
- The parent-employee's hours of employment are reduced;
- The parent-employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- The parent-employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);
- The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
- The child stops being eligible for coverage under the plan as a "dependent child."

Sometimes, filing a proceeding in bankruptcy under title 11 of the United States Code can be a qualifying event. If a proceeding in bankruptcy is filed with respect to your employer, and that bankruptcy results in the loss of coverage of any retired employee covered under the Plan, the retired employee will become a qualified beneficiary with respect to the bankruptcy. The retired employee's spouse, surviving spouse, and dependent children will also become qualified beneficiaries if bankruptcy results in the loss of their coverage under the Plan.

WHEN IS COBRA COVERAGE AVAILABLE?

The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. When the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of hours of employment, death of the employee, commencement of a proceeding in bankruptcy with respect to the employer (if the Plan provides retiree coverage), or the employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), the employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the qualifying event.

For all other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the qualifying event occurs. You must send this notice in writing to the Plan Administrator. IF YOU, YOUR SPOUSE OR YOUR DEPENDENT FAIL TO PROVIDE TIMELY WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE PLAN ADMINISTRATOR AFTER A DIVORCE, LEGAL SEPARATION OR LOSS OF DEPENDENT CHILD ELIGIBILITY, THE RIGHT TO ELECT TO PURCHASE COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE IS WAIVED.

HOW IS COBRA COVERAGE PROVIDED?

Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each qualified beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children.

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage that generally lasts for 18 months due to employment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain qualifying events, or a second qualifying event during the initial period of coverage, may permit a beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage.

There are also ways in which this 18 month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended.

DISABILITY EXTENSION OF 18-MONTH PERIOD OF CONTINUATION COVERAGE

If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by the Social Security Administration to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to receive up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a total maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of continuation coverage. A copy of the determination of disability by the Social Security Administration must be sent to the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the date the determination is issued and before the end of the 18-month maximum coverage period that applies to the qualifying event. Any individual who is either the employee, a qualified beneficiary with respect to the qualifying event, or any representative acting on behalf of the employee or qualified beneficiary, may send the written notice to the Plan Administrator. Such individual(s) must further notify the Plan Administrator in writing within 30 days after a determination has been made that the person is no longer disabled. The Plan may require the payment of an amount that is up to 150 percent of the applicable premium for the period of extended coverage as long as the disabled individual is included in the extended coverage period.

SECOND QUALIFYING EVENT EXTENSION OF 18-MONTH PERIOD OF CONTINUATION COVERAGE

If your family experiences another qualifying event while receiving 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if the Plan is properly notified about the second qualifying event. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children receiving continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies, becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), or gets divorced or legally separated, or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent child, but only if the event would have caused the spouse or dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

ARE THERE OTHER COVERAGE OPTIONS BESIDES COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE?

Yes, instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicaid, or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period." Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. You can learn more about these options at www.HealthCare.gov.

You should compare your other coverage options with COBRA continuation coverage and choose the coverage that is best for you. For example, if you move to other coverage you may pay more out of pocket than you would under COBRA because the new coverage may impose a new deductible.

When you lose job-based health coverage, it's important that you choose carefully between COBRA continuation coverage and other coverage options, because once you've made your choice, it can be difficult or impossible to switch to another coverage option.

WHAT IS THE HEALTH INSURANCE MARKETPLACE?

The Marketplace allows you to find and compare private health insurance options. In the Marketplace, you could be eligible for a new kind of tax credit that lowers your monthly premiums and cost-sharing reductions (amounts that lower your out-of-pocket costs for deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments) right away, and you can see what your premium, deductibles, and out-of-pocket costs will be before you make a decision to enroll. Through the Marketplace you'll also learn if you qualify for free or low-cost coverage from [Medicaid](#) or the [Children's Health Insurance Program \(CHIP\)](#). You can access the Marketplace for your state at www.HealthCare.gov.

Coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage.

WHEN CAN I ENROLL IN MARKETPLACE COVERAGE?

You always have 60 days from the time you lose your job-based coverage to enroll in the Marketplace. That is because losing your job-based health coverage is a "special enrollment" event. **After 60 days your special enrollment period will end and you may not be able to enroll, so you should take action right away.** In addition, during what is called an "open enrollment" period, anyone can enroll in Marketplace coverage.

To find out more about enrolling in the Marketplace, such as when the next open enrollment period will be and what you need to know about qualifying events and special enrollment periods, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

IF I SIGN UP FOR COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE, CAN I SWITCH TO COVERAGE IN THE MARKETPLACE? WHAT ABOUT IF I CHOOSE MARKETPLACE COVERAGE AND WANT TO SWITCH BACK TO COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE?

If you sign up for COBRA continuation coverage, you can switch to a Marketplace plan during a Marketplace open enrollment period. You can also end your COBRA continuation coverage early and switch to a Marketplace plan if you have another qualifying event such as marriage or birth of a child through something called a "special enrollment period." But be careful though - if you terminate your COBRA continuation coverage early without another qualifying event, you'll have to wait to enroll in Marketplace coverage until the next open enrollment period, and could end up without any health coverage in the interim.

Once you've exhausted your COBRA continuation coverage and the coverage expires, you'll be eligible to enroll in Marketplace coverage through a special enrollment period, even if Marketplace open enrollment has ended.

If you sign up for Marketplace coverage instead of COBRA continuation coverage, you cannot switch to COBRA continuation coverage under any circumstances.

WHAT FACTORS SHOULD I CONSIDER WHEN CHOOSING COVERAGE OPTIONS?

When considering your options for health coverage, you may want to think about:

- **Premiums:** Your previous plan can charge up to 102% of total plan premiums for COBRA coverage. Other options, like coverage on a spouse's plan or through the Marketplace, may be less expensive.

- Provider Networks: If you're currently getting care or treatment for a condition, a change in your health coverage may affect your access to a particular health care provider. You may want to check to see if your current health care providers participate in a network as you consider options for health coverage.
- Drug Formularies: If you're currently taking medication, a change in your health coverage may affect your costs for medication – and in some cases, your medication may not be covered by another plan. You may want to check to see if your current medications are listed in drug formularies for other health coverage.
- Severance payments: If you lost your job and got a severance package from your former employer, your former employer may have offered to pay some or all of your COBRA payments for a period of time. In this scenario, you may want to contact the Department of Labor at 1-866-444-3272 to discuss your options.
- Service Areas: Some plans limit their benefits to specific service or coverage areas – so if you move to another area of the country, you may not be able to use your benefits. You may want to see if your plan has a service or coverage area, or other similar limitations.
- Other Cost-Sharing: In addition to premiums or contributions for health coverage, you probably pay copayments, deductibles, coinsurance, or other amounts as you use your benefits. You may want to check to see what the cost-sharing requirements are for other health coverage options. For example, one option may have much lower monthly premiums, but a much higher deductible and higher copayments.

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS

Questions concerning your Plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact or contacts identified below. For more information about laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit the EBSA website at www.dol.gov/ebsa. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website.) For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

KEEP YOUR PLAN INFORMED OF ADDRESS CHANGES

In order to protect your family's rights, let the Plan Administrator know about any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you sent to the Plan Administrator.

PLAN CONTACT INFORMATION

If you have any questions regarding COBRA Continuation Coverage under the Plan, please contact your Plan Administrator.

STANDARDS FOR PRIVACY OF INDIVIDUALLY IDENTIFIABLE HEALTH INFORMATION (THE “PRIVACY STANDARDS”)

ISSUED PURSUANT TO

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended (“HIPAA”)

1. Disclosure of Summary Health Information to the Plan Sponsor

In accordance with the Privacy Standards, the Plan may disclose Summary Health Information to the Plan Sponsor if the Plan Sponsor requests the Summary Health Information for the purpose of (a) obtaining premium bids from health plans for providing health insurance coverage under this Plan or (b) modifying, amending or terminating the Plan.

“Summary Health Information” may be individually identifiable health information and it summarizes the claims history, claims expenses or the type of claims experienced by individuals in the Plan, but it excludes all identifiers that must be removed for the information to be de-identified, except that it may contain geographic information to the extent that it is aggregated by five-digit zip code.

2. Disclosure of Protected Health Information (“PHI”) to the Plan Sponsor for Plan Administration Purposes

In order that the Plan Sponsor may receive and use PHI for Plan Administration purposes, the Plan Sponsor agrees to:

- a. Not use or further disclose PHI other than as permitted or required by the Plan Documents or as required by law (as defined in the Privacy Standards);
- b. Ensure that any agents, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides PHI received from the Plan agree to the same restrictions and conditions that apply to the Plan Sponsor with respect to such PHI;
- c. Not use or disclose PHI for employment-related actions and decisions or in connection with any other benefit or employee benefit plan of the Plan Sponsor, except pursuant to an authorization which meets the requirements of the Privacy Standards;
- d. Report to the Plan any PHI use or disclosure that is inconsistent with the uses or disclosures provided for of which the Plan Sponsor becomes aware;
- e. Make available PHI in accordance with Section 164.524 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.524);
- f. Make available PHI for amendment and incorporate any amendments to PHI in accordance with Section 164.526 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.526);
- g. Make available the information required to provide an accounting of disclosures in accordance with Section 164.528 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.528);
- h. Make its internal practices, books and records relating to the use and disclosure of PHI received from the Plan available to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (“HHS”), or any other officer or employee of HHS

to whom the authority involved has been delegated, for purposes of determining compliance by the Plan with Part 164, Subpart E, of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.500 *et seq*);

- i. If feasible, return or destroy all PHI received from the Plan that the Plan Sponsor still maintains in any form and retain no copies of such PHI when no longer needed for the purpose for which disclosure was made, except that, if such return or destruction is not feasible, limit further uses and disclosures to those purposes that make the return or destruction of the PHI infeasible; and
- j. Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in Section 164.504(f)(2)(iii) of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(2)(iii)), is established as follows:
 - i. The access to and use of PHI by the individuals described in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document shall be restricted to the Plan Administration functions that the Plan Sponsor performs for the Plan.
 - ii. In the event any of the individuals described in the Key Information section do not comply with the provisions of the Plan Documents relating to use and disclosure of PHI, the Plan Administrator shall impose reasonable sanctions as necessary, in its discretion, to ensure that no further non-compliance occurs. Such sanctions shall be imposed progressively (for example, an oral warning, a written warning, time off without pay and termination), if appropriate, and shall be imposed so that they are commensurate with the severity of the violation.

“Plan Administration” functions are activities that would meet the definitions of treatment, payment and health care operations. “Plan Administration” functions include, but are not limited to quality assurance, claims processing, auditing, monitoring, management, stop loss underwriting, stop loss claims filing, eligibility information requests, medical necessity reviews, certain appeal determinations, utilization review, case management and disease management. It does not include any employment-related functions or functions in connection with any other benefit or benefit plans.

The Plan shall disclose PHI to the Plan Sponsor only upon receipt of a certification by the Plan Sponsor that (a) the Plan Documents have been amended to incorporate the above provisions and (b) the Plan Sponsor agrees to comply with such provisions.

3. Disclosure of Certain Enrollment Information to the Plan Sponsor

Pursuant to Section 164.504(f)(1)(iii) of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(1)(iii)), the Plan may disclose to the Plan Sponsor information on whether an individual is participating in the Plan or is enrolled in or has disenrolled from a health insurance issuer or health maintenance organization offered by the Plan to the Plan Sponsor.

4. Other Disclosures and Uses of PHI

With respect to all other uses and disclosures of PHI, the Plan shall comply with the Privacy Standards.

NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT COVERED PERSONS MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW COVERED PERSONS CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

This Notice of Privacy Practices ("Notice") describes how protected health information may be used or disclosed by this Plan to carry out treatment, payment, health care operations and for other purposes that are permitted or required by law. This Notice also sets out this Plan's legal obligations concerning a Covered Person's protected health information and describes a Covered Person's rights to access, amend and manage that protected health information.

Protected health information ("PHI") is individually identifiable health information, including demographic information, collected from a Covered Person or created or received by a health care provider, a health plan, an employer (when functioning on behalf of the group health plan), or a health care clearinghouse and that relates to: (1) a Covered Person's past, present or future physical or mental health or condition; (2) the provision of health care to a Covered Person; or (3) the past, present or future payment for the provision of health care to a Covered Person.

This Notice has been drafted to be consistent with what is known as the "HIPAA Privacy Rule," and any of the terms not defined in this Notice should have the same meaning as they have in the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

If You have any questions or want additional information about the Notice or the policies and procedures described in the Notice, please contact the person(s) or office identified under Plan Contact Information in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document:

THE PLAN'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Plan is required by law to maintain the privacy of a Covered Person's PHI. The Plan is obligated to provide the Covered Person with a copy of this Notice of the Plan's legal duties and of its privacy practices with respect to the Covered Person's PHI, abide by the terms of the Notice that is currently in effect, and notify the Covered Person in the event of a breach of the Covered Person's unsecured PHI. The Plan reserves the right to change the provisions of this Notice and make the new provisions effective for all PHI that is maintained. If the Plan makes a material change to this Notice, a revised Notice will be mailed to the address that the Plan has on record.

When using or disclosing PHI or when requesting PHI from another covered entity, the Plan will make reasonable efforts not to use, disclose or request more than the minimum amount of PHI necessary to accomplish the intended purpose of the use, disclosure or request, taking into consideration practical and technological limitations.

Genetic information shall be treated as health information pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act. The use or disclosure by the Plan of protected health information that is genetic information about an individual for underwriting purposes under the Plan shall not be a permitted use or disclosure.

However, the minimum necessary standard will not apply in the following situations:

- disclosures to or requests by a health care provider for treatment;
- uses or disclosures made to the individual;
- disclosures made to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services;
- uses or disclosures that are required by law;
- uses or disclosures that are required for compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule; and
- uses or disclosures made pursuant to an authorization.

This Notice does not apply to information that has been de-identified. De-identified information is health information that does not identify an individual and with respect to which there is no reasonable basis to believe that the information can be used to identify an individual. It is not individually identifiable health information.

PERMISSIBLE USES AND DISCLOSURES OF PHI

The following is a description of how the Plan is most likely to use and/or disclose a Covered Person's PHI.

TREATMENT, PAYMENT AND HEALTH CARE OPERATIONS

The Plan has the right to use and disclose a Covered Person's PHI for all activities that are included within the definitions of "treatment, payment and health care operations" as described in the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

TREATMENT

The Plan will use or disclose PHI so that a Covered Person may seek treatment. Treatment is the provision, coordination or management of health care and related services. It also includes, but is not limited to consultations and referrals between one or more of a Covered Person's providers. For example, the Plan may disclose to a treating specialist the name of a Covered Person's primary care physician so that the specialist may request medical records from that primary care physician.

PAYMENT

The Plan will use or disclose PHI to pay claims for services provided to a Covered Person and to obtain stop-loss reimbursements, if applicable, or to otherwise fulfill the Plan's responsibilities for coverage and providing benefits. For example, the Plan may disclose PHI when a provider requests information regarding a Covered Person's eligibility for coverage under this Plan, or the Plan may use PHI to determine if a treatment that was received was medically necessary.

HEALTH CARE OPERATIONS

The Plan will use or disclose PHI to support its business functions. These functions include, but are not limited to quality assessment and improvement, reviewing provider performance, licensing, stop-loss underwriting, business planning and business development. For example, the Plan may use or disclose PHI: (1) to provide a Covered Person with information about a disease management program; (2) to respond to a customer service inquiry from a Covered Person or (3) in connection with fraud and abuse detection and compliance programs.

POTENTIAL IMPACT OF STATE LAW

The HIPAA Privacy Regulations generally do not “preempt” (or take precedence over) state privacy or other applicable laws that provide individuals greater privacy protections. As a result, to the extent state law applies, the privacy laws of a particular state, or other federal laws, rather than the HIPAA Privacy Regulations, might impose a privacy standard under which the Plan will be required to operate. For example, where such laws have been enacted, the Plan will follow more stringent state privacy laws that relate to uses and disclosures of PHI concerning HIV or AIDS, mental health, substance abuse/chemical dependency, genetic testing, reproductive rights, etc.

OTHER PERMISSIBLE USES AND DISCLOSURES OF PHI

The following is a description of other possible ways in which the Plan may (and is permitted to) use and/or disclose PHI.

REQUIRED BY LAW

The Plan may use or disclose PHI to the extent the law requires the use or disclosure. When used in this Notice, “required by law” is defined as it is in the HIPAA Privacy Rule. For example, the Plan may disclose PHI when required by national security laws or public health disclosure laws.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIVITIES

The Plan may use or disclose PHI for public health activities that are permitted or required by law. For example, the Plan may use or disclose information for the purpose of preventing or controlling disease, injury, or disability, or it may disclose such information to a public health authority authorized to receive reports of child abuse or neglect. The Plan also may disclose PHI, if directed by a public health authority, to a foreign government agency that is collaborating with the public health authority.

HEALTH OVERSIGHT ACTIVITIES

The Plan may disclose PHI to a health oversight agency for activities authorized by law, such as: audits; investigations; inspections; licensure or disciplinary actions; or civil, administrative, or criminal proceedings or actions. Oversight agencies seeking this information include government agencies that oversee: (1) the health care system; (2) government benefit programs; (3) other government regulatory programs and (4) compliance with civil rights laws.

ABUSE OR NEGLECT

The Plan may disclose PHI to a government authority that is authorized by law to receive reports of abuse, neglect or domestic violence. Additionally, as required by law, the Plan may disclose to a governmental entity, authorized to receive such information, a Covered Person’s PHI if there is reason to believe that the Covered Person has been a victim of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Plan may disclose PHI: (1) in the course of any judicial or administrative proceeding; (2) in response to an order of a court or administrative tribunal (to the extent such disclosure is expressly authorized) and (3) in response to a subpoena, a discovery request, or other lawful process, once the Plan has met all administrative requirements of the HIPAA Privacy Rule. For example, the Plan may disclose PHI in response to a subpoena for such information, but only after first meeting certain conditions required by the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

LAW ENFORCEMENT

Under certain conditions, the Plan also may disclose PHI to law enforcement officials. For example, some of the reasons for such a disclosure may include, but not be limited to: (1) it is required by law or some other legal process; (2) it is necessary to locate or identify a suspect, fugitive, material witness, or missing person or (3) it is necessary to provide evidence of a crime.

CORONERS, MEDICAL EXAMINERS, FUNERAL DIRECTORS, AND ORGAN DONATION ORGANIZATIONS

The Plan may disclose PHI to a coroner or medical examiner for purposes of identifying a deceased person, determining a cause of death or for the coroner or medical examiner to perform other duties authorized by law. The Plan also may disclose, as authorized by law, information to funeral directors so that they may carry out their duties. Further, the Plan may disclose PHI to organizations that handle organ, eye or tissue donation and transplantation.

RESEARCH

The Plan may disclose PHI to researchers when an institutional review board or privacy board has: (1) reviewed the research proposal and established protocols to ensure the privacy of the information and (2) approved the research.

TO PREVENT A SERIOUS THREAT TO HEALTH OR SAFETY

Consistent with applicable federal and state laws, the Plan may disclose PHI if there is reason to believe that the disclosure is necessary to prevent or lessen a serious and imminent threat to the health or safety of a person or the public. The Plan also may disclose PHI if it is necessary for law enforcement authorities to identify or apprehend an individual.

MILITARY ACTIVITY AND NATIONAL SECURITY, PROTECTIVE SERVICES

Under certain conditions, the Plan may disclose PHI if Covered Persons are, or were, Armed Forces personnel for activities deemed necessary by appropriate military command authorities. If Covered Persons are members of foreign military service, the Plan may disclose, in certain circumstances, PHI to the foreign military authority. The Plan also may disclose PHI to authorized federal officials for conducting national security and intelligence activities, and for the protection of the President, other authorized persons or heads of state.

INMATES

If a Covered Person is an inmate of a correctional institution, the Plan may disclose PHI to the correctional institution or to a law enforcement official for: (1) the institution to provide health care to the Covered Person; (2) the Covered Person's health and safety and the health and safety of others or (3) the safety and security of the correctional institution.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The Plan may disclose PHI to comply with workers' compensation laws and other similar programs that provide benefits for work-related injuries or illnesses.

EMERGENCY SITUATIONS

The Plan may disclose PHI of a Covered Person in an emergency situation, or if the Covered Person is incapacitated or not present, to a family member, close personal friend, authorized disaster relief agency, or any other person previously identified by the Covered Person. The Plan will use professional judgment and experience to determine if the disclosure is in the best interests of the Covered Person. If the disclosure is in the best interest of the Covered Person, the Plan will disclose only the PHI that is directly relevant to the person's involvement in the care of the Covered Person.

FUNDRAISING ACTIVITIES

The Plan may use or disclose the PHI of a Covered Person for fundraising activities, such as raising money for a charitable foundation or similar entity to help finance its activities. If the Plan does contact the Covered Person for fundraising activities, the Plan will give the Covered Person the opportunity to opt-out, or stop, receiving such communications in the future.

GROUP HEALTH PLAN DISCLOSURES

The Plan may disclose the PHI of a Covered Person to a sponsor of the group health plan – such as an employer or other entity – that is providing a health care program to the Covered Person. The Plan can disclose the PHI of the Covered Person to that entity if that entity has contracted with the Plan to administer the Covered Person's health care program on its behalf.

UNDERWRITING PURPOSES

The Plan may use or disclose the PHI of a Covered Person for underwriting purposes, such as to make a determination about a coverage application or request. If the Plan does use or disclose the PHI of the Covered Person for underwriting purposes, the Plan is prohibited from using or disclosing in the underwriting process the PHI of the Covered Person that is genetic information.

OTHERS INVOLVED IN YOUR HEALTH CARE

Using its best judgment, the Plan may make PHI known to a family member, other relative, close personal friend or other personal representative that the Covered Person identifies. Such use will be based on how involved the person is in the Covered Person's care or in the payment that relates to that care. The Plan may release information to parents or guardians, if allowed by law.

If a Covered Person is not present or able to agree to these disclosures of PHI, then,

using its professional judgment, the Plan may determine whether the disclosure is in the Covered Person's best interest.

REQUIRED DISCLOSURES OF PHI

The following is a description of disclosures that the Plan is required by law to make.

DISCLOSURES TO THE SECRETARY OF THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

The Plan is required to disclose PHI to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services when the Secretary is investigating or determining the Plan's compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

DISCLOSURES TO COVERED PERSONS

The Plan is required to disclose to a Covered Person most of the PHI in a "designated record set" when that Covered Person requests access to this information. Generally, a designated record set contains medical and billing records, as well as other records that are used to make decisions about a Covered Person's health care benefits. The Plan also is required to provide, upon the Covered Person's request, an accounting of most disclosures of his PHI that are for reasons other than treatment, payment and health care operations and are not disclosed through a signed authorization.

The Plan will disclose a Covered Person's PHI to an individual who has been designated by that Covered Person as his personal representative and who has qualified for such designation in accordance with relevant state law. However, before the Plan will disclose PHI to such a person, the Covered Person must submit a written notice of his designation, along with the documentation that supports his qualification (such as a power of attorney).

Even if the Covered Person designates a personal representative, the HIPAA Privacy Rule permits the Plan to elect not to treat that individual as the Covered Person's personal representative if a reasonable belief exists that: (1) the Covered Person has been, or may be, subjected to domestic violence, abuse or neglect by such person; (2) treating such person as his personal representative could endanger the Covered Person, or (3) the Plan determines, in the exercise of its professional judgment, that it is not in its best interest to treat that individual as the Covered Person's personal representative.

BUSINESS ASSOCIATES

The Plan contracts with individuals and entities (Business Associates) to perform various functions on its behalf or to provide certain types of services. To perform these functions or to provide the services, the Plan's Business Associates will receive, create, maintain, use or disclose PHI, but only after the Plan requires the Business Associates to agree in writing to contract terms designed to appropriately safeguard PHI. For example, the Plan may disclose PHI to a Business Associate to administer claims or to provide service support, utilization management, subrogation or pharmacy benefit management. Examples of the Plan's Business Associates would be its third party administrator, broker, preferred provider organization and utilization review vendor.

OTHER COVERED ENTITIES

The Plan may use or disclose PHI to assist health care providers in connection with their treatment or payment activities or to assist other covered entities in connection with payment activities and certain health care operations. For example, the Plan may disclose PHI to a health care provider when needed by the provider to render treatment to a Covered Person, and the Plan may disclose PHI to another covered entity to conduct health care operations in the areas of fraud and abuse detection or compliance, quality assurance and improvement activities or accreditation, certification, licensing or credentialing. This also means that the Plan may disclose or share PHI with other insurance carriers in order to coordinate benefits, if a Covered Person has coverage through another carrier.

PLAN SPONSOR

The Plan may disclose PHI to the Plan Sponsor of the group health plan for purposes of plan administration or pursuant to an authorization request signed by the Covered Person. Also, the Plan may use or disclose “summary health information” to the Plan Sponsor for obtaining premium bids or modifying, amending or terminating the group health plan. Summary health information summarizes the claims history, claims expenses or types of claims experienced by individuals for whom a Plan Sponsor has provided health benefits under a group health plan and from which identifying information has been deleted in accordance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

USES AND DISCLOSURES OF PHI THAT REQUIRE A COVERED PERSON’S AUTHORIZATION

SALE OF PHI

The Plan will request the written authorization of a Covered Person before the Plan makes any disclosure that is deemed a sale of the Covered Person’s PHI, meaning that the Plan is receiving compensation for disclosing the PHI in this manner.

MARKETING

The Plan will request the written authorization of a Covered Person to use or disclose the Covered Person’s PHI for marketing purposes with limited exceptions, such as when the Plan has face-to-face marketing communications with the Covered Person or when the Plan provides promotional gifts of nominal value.

PSYCHOTHERAPY NOTES

The Plan will request the written authorization of a Covered Person to use or disclose any of the Covered Person’s psychotherapy notes that the Plan may have on file with limited exception, such as for certain treatment, payment or health care operation functions.

Other uses and disclosures of PHI that are not described previously will be made only with a Covered Person’s written authorization. If the Covered Person provides the Plan with such an authorization, he/she may revoke the authorization in writing, and this revocation will be effective for future uses and disclosures of PHI. However, the revocation will not be effective for information that has already been used or disclosed, relying on the authorization.

A COVERED PERSON'S RIGHTS

The following is a description of a Covered Person's rights with respect to PHI:

RIGHT TO REQUEST A RESTRICTION

A Covered Person has the right to request a restriction on the PHI the Plan uses or discloses about him/her for treatment, payment or health care operations. The Plan is not required to agree to any restriction that a Covered Person may request. If the Plan does agree to the restriction, it will comply with the restriction unless the information is needed to provide emergency treatment.

A Covered Person may request a restriction by contacting the person(s) or office identified under Plan Contact Information in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document. It is important that the Covered Person directs his request for restriction to this individual or office so that the Plan can begin to process Your request. Requests sent to individuals or offices other than the one indicated might delay processing the request.

The Plan will want to receive this information in writing and will instruct the Covered Person where to send the request when the Covered Person's call is received. In this request, it is important that the Covered Person states: (1) the information whose disclosure he/she wants to limit and (2) how he/she wants to limit the Plan's use and/or disclosure of the information.

RIGHT TO REQUEST CONFIDENTIAL COMMUNICATIONS

If a Covered Person believes that a disclosure of all or part of his PHI may endanger him/her, that Covered Person may request that the Plan communicates with him/her regarding PHI in an alternative manner or at an alternative location. For example, the Covered Person may ask that the Plan only contact the Covered Person at a work address or via the Covered Person's work e-mail.

The Covered Person may request a restriction by contacting the person(s) or office identified under Plan Contact Information in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document. It is important that the request for confidential communications is addressed to this individual or office so that the Plan can begin to process the request. Requests sent to individuals or offices other than the one indicated might delay processing the request.

The Plan will want to receive this information in writing and will instruct the Covered Person where to send a written request upon receiving a call. This written request should inform the Plan: (1) that he/she wants the Plan to communicate his PHI in an alternative manner or at an alternative location and (2) that the disclosure of all or part of this PHI in a manner inconsistent with these instructions would put the Covered Person in danger.

The Plan will accommodate a request for confidential communications that is reasonable and that states that the disclosure of all or part of a Covered Person's PHI could endanger that Covered Person. As permitted by the HIPAA Privacy Rule, "reasonableness" will (and is permitted to) include, when appropriate, making alternate arrangements regarding payment.

Accordingly, as a condition of granting a Covered Person's request, he/she will be required to provide the Plan information concerning how payment will be handled. For example, if the Covered Person submits a claim for payment, state or federal law (or the Plan's own contractual obligations) may require that the Plan disclose certain financial claim information to the Plan Participant under whose coverage a Covered Person may receive benefits (e.g., an Explanation of Benefits "EOB"). Unless the Covered Person has made other payment arrangements, the EOB (in which a Covered Person's PHI might be included) will be released to the Plan Participant.

Once the Plan receives all the information for such a request (along with the instructions for handling future communications), the request will be processed usually within 2 business days or as soon as reasonably possible.

Prior to receiving the information necessary for this request, or during the time it takes to process it, PHI may be disclosed (such as through an EOB). Therefore, it is extremely important that the Covered Person contact the person(s) or office identified under Plan Contact Information in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document as soon as the Covered Person determines the need to restrict disclosures of his PHI.

If the Covered Person terminates his request for confidential communications, the restriction will be removed for all of the Covered Person's PHI that the Plan holds, including PHI that was previously protected. Therefore, a Covered Person should not terminate a request for confidential communications if that person remains concerned that disclosure of PHI will endanger him/her.

RIGHT TO INSPECT AND COPY

A Covered Person has the right to inspect and copy PHI that is contained in a "designated record set." Generally, a designated record set contains medical and billing records, as well as other records that are used to make decisions about a Covered Person's health care benefits. However, the Covered Person may not inspect or copy psychotherapy notes or certain other information that may be contained in a designated record set.

To inspect and copy PHI that is contained in a designated record set, the Covered Person must submit a request by contacting the person(s) or office identified under Plan Contact Information in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document. It is important that the Covered Person contact this individual or office to request an inspection and copying so that the Plan can begin to process the request. Requests sent to individuals or offices other than the one indicated might delay the processing of the request. If the Covered Person requests a copy of the information, the Plan may charge a fee for the costs of copying, mailing or other supplies associated with that request.

The Plan may deny a Covered Person's request to inspect and copy PHI in certain limited circumstances. If a Covered Person is denied access to information, he/she may request that the denial be reviewed. To request a review, the Covered Person must contact the person(s) or office identified under Plan Contact Information in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document. A licensed health care professional chosen by the Plan will review the Covered Person's request and the denial. The person performing this review will not be the same one who denied the Covered Person's initial

request. Under certain conditions, the Plan's denial will not be reviewable. If this event occurs, the Plan will inform the Covered Person through the denial that the decision is not reviewable.

RIGHT TO AMEND

If a Covered Person believes that his PHI is incorrect or incomplete, he/she may request that the Plan amend that information. The Covered Person may request that the Plan amend such information by contacting the person(s) or office identified under Plan Contact Information in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document. Additionally, this request should include the reason the amendment is necessary. It is important that the Covered Person direct this request for amendment to this individual or office so that the Plan can begin to process the request. Requests sent to individuals or offices other than the one indicated might delay processing the request.

In certain cases, the Plan may deny the Covered Person's request for an amendment. For example, the Plan may deny the request if the information the Covered Person wants to amend is not maintained by the Plan, but by another entity. If the Plan denies the request, the Covered Person has the right to file a statement of disagreement with the Plan. This statement of disagreement will be linked with the disputed information and all future disclosures of the disputed information will include this statement.

RIGHT OF AN ACCOUNTING

The Covered Person has a right to an accounting of certain disclosures of PHI that are for reasons other than treatment, payment or health care operations. No accounting of disclosures is required for disclosures made pursuant to a signed authorization by the Covered Person or his personal representative. The Covered Person should know that most disclosures of PHI will be for purposes of payment or health care operations, and, therefore, will not be subject to this right. There also are other exceptions to this right.

An accounting will include the date(s) of the disclosure, to whom the Plan made the disclosure, a brief description of the information disclosed and the purpose for the disclosure.

A Covered Person may request an accounting by submitting a request in writing to the person(s) or office identified under Plan Contact Information in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document. It is important that the Covered Person direct the request for an accounting to this individual or office so that the Plan can begin to process the request. Requests sent to individuals or offices other than the one indicated might delay processing the request.

A Covered Person's request may be for disclosures made up to 6 years before the date of the request, but not for disclosures made before April 14, 2004. The first list requested within a 12-month period will be free. For additional lists, the Plan may charge for the costs of providing the list. The Plan will notify the Covered Person of the cost involved and he/she may choose to withdraw or modify the request before any costs are incurred.

RIGHT TO A COPY OF THIS NOTICE

The Covered Person has the right to request a copy of this Notice at any time by contacting the person(s) or office identified under Plan Contact Information in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document. If you receive this Notice on the Plan's website or by electronic mail, you also are entitled to request a paper copy of this Notice.

COMPLAINTS

A Covered Person may complain to the Plan if he/she believes that the Plan has violated these privacy rights. The Covered Person may file a complaint with the Plan by contacting the person(s) or office identified under Plan Contact Information in the Key Information section at the beginning of this document. A copy of a complaint form is available from this contact office.

A Covered Person also may file a complaint with the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Complaints filed directly with the Secretary must: (1) be in writing; (2) contain the name of the entity against which the complaint is lodged; (3) describe the relevant problems and (4) be filed within 180 days of the time the Covered Person became or should have become aware of the problem.

The Plan will not penalize or in any other way retaliate against a Covered Person for filing a complaint with the Secretary or with the Plan.

STANDARDS FOR SECURITY OF INDIVIDUALLY IDENTIFIABLE HEALTH INFORMATION (THE “SECURITY STANDARDS”)

1. DEFINITIONS

- a. The term “Electronic Protected Health Information” (“EPHI”) has the meaning set forth in Section 160.103 of the Security Standards (45 C.F.R. 160.103) and generally means individually identifiable health information that is transmitted or maintained in any electronic media.
- b. The term “Security Incidents” has the meaning set forth in Section 164.304 of the Security Standards (45 C.F.R. 164.304) and generally means the attempted or successful unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification, or destruction of information or interference with systems operations in an information system.

2. PLAN SPONSOR OBLIGATIONS

Where EPHI will be created, received, maintained, or transmitted to or by the Plan Sponsor on behalf of the Plan, the Plan Sponsor shall reasonably safeguard the EPHI as follows:

- a. Plan Sponsor shall implement administrative, physical, and technical safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of EPHI that Plan Sponsor creates, receives, maintains, or transmits on behalf of the Plan;
- b. Plan Sponsor shall ensure that the adequate separation that is required by Section 164.504 (f) (2) (iii) of the Security Standards (45 C.F.R. 164.504 (f) (2) (iii)) is supported by reasonable and appropriate security measures;
- c. Plan Sponsor shall ensure that any agents, including a subcontractor, to whom it provides EPHI agrees to implement reasonable and appropriate security measures to protect such EPHI; and
- d. Plan Sponsor shall report to the Plan any Security Incidents of which it becomes aware as described below:
 - i.) Plan Sponsor shall report to the Plan within a reasonable time after the Plan Sponsor becomes aware of any Security Incident that results in unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification, or destruction of the Plan’s EPHI; and
 - ii.) Plan Sponsor shall report to the Plan any other Security Incident on an aggregate basis every quarter, or more frequently upon the Plan’s request.
- e. Plan Sponsor shall make its internal practices, books, and records relating to its compliance with the Security Standards to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (“HHS”), or any other officer or employee of HHS to whom the authority involved has been delegated, for purposes of determining compliance by the Plan with the Security Standards.