SHORT TERM DISABILITY INCOME ATTENDING PHYSICIAN'S STATEMENT OF IMPAIRMENT AND FUNCTION

ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, Minneapolis, MN ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Woodbury, NY (outside NY)

Members of the Voya® family of companies

(the "Company")

Disability RMS is the claims administrator on behalf of 300 Southborough Drive, Suite 200, South Portland Phone: 888-305-0602; Fax: 888-305-0605 Submit at voya.com (select Contact & Services > Cla	, ME 04106-6914		
The patient is responsible for the completion of this form wit	<u> </u>		
CLAIM CHECKLIST This completed form must be submitted using one of the a The Insured must complete Sections 1 and 2. The Attending Physician must complete Sections 3 - 12.	bove methods.		
SECTION 1. GROUP INFORMATION (This info			
SECTION 2. INSURED / PATIENT INFORMATI Patient Name (First) Patient Birth Date	(Middle Initial)	(Last)	
Address	City	State	
SECTION 3. PRESENT CONDITION Height ft in In order to determine benefit eligibility and rehabilitation, please When did symptoms first appear or accident happen? On what date did the Patient cease work because of disability	se answer the following:		
Has Patient ever had the same or similar condition? Did another Physician refer this Patient to you? If "Yes," please provide the name and address of the refe	erring Physician.		Yes No Yes No
Objective Findings Primary Diagnosis Secondary Conditions	ICD-10 Code(s)		
Has Patient been confined to a hospital?			Yes No
If "Yes," provide dates. Surgery Type Prognosis	CPT Code(s)		
SECTION 4. CURRENT PLAN OF TREATMEN Date of First Visit Date of Last Frequency of Visits: Weekly Monthly Other _ Treatment Plan	T t Visit	Next Scheduled Appointn	nent
SECTION 5. FOR PREGNANCY DISABILITY O Date First Treated Estimated Date Has Patient Delivered? Yes No If "Yes," provide	of Confinement (EDC)delivery date	Post Partum Re	

Patient Name			Group Polic	cy Number		
SECTION 6. EXTENT OF DISABILIT	Y			,		
Is Patient totally disabled from performing the duties of their own occupation?						
f the disability is not considered total and permanent, do you anticipate a release to their OWN occupation?						
If "Yes," when?						
If "No," do you anticipate a release to a less	s physically and/or emotion	ally demanding occupation	?	TYes \(\subseteq \text{No}		
If "Yes," when?		-				
If the Patient cannot perform the duties of their c	own occupation, would you	feel it appropriate to cons	der Vocational and/or	Yes No		
If the Patient is disabled from his/her own occup (Physical Capacity Evaluation) on this form. This i				ation, complete Section 10		
SECTION 7. COMPETENCY						
Is the Patient competent to endorse checks and	direct the use of the proce	eds?		Yes No		
SECTION 8. CARDIAC FUNCTIONA	L CAPACITY (Comp	lete this section IF dis	ability is due to Cardio	ac Condition.)		
American Heart Association Classification:						
Blood Pressure	· —	· · · —	,	,		
SECTION 9. VISUAL IMPAIRMENT			Visual Impairment)			
		in disability is due to	visuai iiiipaiiiiieiit.)			
What was vision at last observation? (Snellen N	•					
With Glasses O. D						
Without Glasses O. D						
SECTION 10. PHYSICAL CAPACITIE evaluation, other testing results, Patient be marked N/A (not available).						
NOTE: In terms of an eight hour workday, "Occasion	onally" equals zero to 33 pero	cent; "Frequently" equals 34-	66 percent; "Continuously" (equals 67-100 percent.		
	5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8 rnating positions, please in	3				
Patient can lift:	Never	Occasionally	Frequently	Continuously		
Up to 10 pounds						
11-20 pounds						
21-50 pounds						
51-100 pounds						
Patient can carry:	Never	Occasionally	Frequently	Continuously		
Up to 10 pounds						
11-20 pounds						
21-50 pounds						
51-100 pounds						

Patient Name			Group Polic	cy Number
SECTION 10. PHYSICAL CAPACITIES	S EVALUATION	(Continued)		
Patient is able to:	Never	Occasionally	Frequently	Continuously
Bend				П
Squat			П	П
Crawl		П	П	П
Climb		П	П	П
Reach above shoulder level				
Restrictions on activities involving:	None	Mild	Moderate	Total
Unprotected heights				
Being around moving machinery				
Exposure to marked changes in temperature and humidity				
Driving automotive equipment				
Exposure to dust, fumes, or gasses				
Patient can use hands for repetitive action		Right	Left	
such as:	Yes	No	Yes	No
Simply Grasping				
Pushing and Pulling				
Fine Manipulation				
Patient can use feet for repetitive movements,	as in operating foot co	ontrols:	Yes	No
Right				
Left				
Both				
SECTION 11. REMARKS				
New York Fraud Warning: Any person who know insurance or statement of claim containing an any fact material thereto, commits a fraudule thousand dollars and the stated value of the commits and the stated value of the stated value of the commits a	owingly and with inte y materially false inf nt insurance act, wh	nt to defraud any insurance ormation, or conceals for th ich is a crime, and shall als	e purpose of misleading	, information concerning
Attending Physician Name (Please print.)			Degree	
TIN Phone ())	Fax	()	
Email				
Address		City	State	ZIP

Attending Physician Signature _

_ Date _

FRAUD WARNINGS

Alaska, Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Idaho, Indiana, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Texas, Washington, West Virginia: Any person who, knowingly with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and may subject such person to criminal and civil penalties, and denial of insurance benefits.

Arizona: For your protection Arizona Law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

California: For your protection, California law requires the following to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

District of Columbia: WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Maryland: Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Puerto Rico: Any person who, knowingly and with the intent to defraud, presents false information in an insurance request form, or who presents, helps or has presented a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, will incur a felony, and upon conviction will be penalized for each violation with a fine no less than five thousand (5,000) dollars nor more than ten thousand (10,000) dollars, or imprisonment for a fixed term of three (3) years, or both penalties. If aggravated circumstances prevail, the fixed established imprisonment may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years; if attenuating circumstances prevail, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.